

# Anita Stewart the Piquant Movie Star

In Rotogravure—Also a page of pictures from the Mexican Border—in tomorrow's

**Big Sunday Post-Dispatch**  
On the first of the new series the movie column—showing where the best pictures can be seen in St. Louis every day or evening next week.

# ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Only Evening Paper in St. Louis With Associated Press News Service.

VOL. 68. NO. 323.

ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 8, 1916—12 PAGES.

PRICE ONE CENT

EDITION  
FINANCIAL MARKETS  
SPORTS

## POLICE FAIL TO IDENTIFY WOMAN SLAIN IN HOTEL

All Trace of Man Who Was With Her at Pontiac and Left Baggage Behind, Is Lost.

### NONE HEARD SHOT FIRED

Companion Went Out, Apparently Unruffled; Laundry Marks Provide One Clue.

With tangible clues on which to work the police are trying to solve the mystery of the shooting of the unidentified woman who was found dead with a bullet wound in her right temple at the Pontiac Hotel, Nineteenth and Market streets, yesterday afternoon. Nothing has developed to indicate the woman's identity or that of the man who went to the hotel with her Thursday and departed early Friday morning. O. W. Stacy, a contractor, of 808 Hickory street called at the morgue today and said the slain woman resembled a woman whom he knew several years ago at Crystal City, Mo., and whom he saw on the street at Eighteenth and Washington avenue about three months ago. He was not certain, however, of the woman's name. A brother of the Crystal City woman later called at the morgue and said the slain woman was not she. In the woman's effects was found a small watch. It bore the imprint of the Drexler Jewelry Co. The woman's shoes were bought at the Shoe-Mart. At the jewelry store and the shoe store it was said there was no way to identify the purchaser.

A bungalow apron found among the woman's effects had a laundry mark which was not readily decipherable. Some who tried to decipher it thought the mark was "Dr. A. K." Others made it out to be "Dr. A. H." The letter "H" was stitched inside the collar of the woman's nightgown.

A man's Panama hat, found in the room, and the woman's clothing, bore no marks to show the identity of the owner. In the woman's suitcase were several house dresses and aprons and two long bars of yellow laundry soap. The suitcase bore the number 7055 and was size 36. A black traveling bag in which the man's effects were found was size 36 and size 36.

One of two \$10 bills in the woman's handbag was issued by the First National Bank of Urbana, Ill. It was unsigned, the spaces for the signatures of the president and cashier being blank. The serial number was A38,402B.

**Went to Hotel Room Shot.**  
The man and the woman arrived at the hotel about 8:30 p. m. Thursday, registering as "Charles L. Chambers and wife." A bellboy took them to room 23, on the third floor. A few minutes later the man telephoned to the office and asked that an electric fan be put in the room. This was done.

No one in the hotel heard a shot. About 8:30 a. m. the man came down in the elevator and, walking leisurely through the lobby, departed from the hotel. At that time he was seen by the manly bellboy who had escorted him and the woman to the room.

A negro maid went to the room to clean it at 8:30 a. m. yesterday. She opened the door with her pass key when she saw the bed was occupied. The figure on the bed was covered and looked so small she thought it was a child.

**Maid Finds the Body.**  
At 1:30 p. m. the maid returned to the room and again opened the door. She was struck by the fact that the form on the bed had not changed its position. She summoned other hotel employees, who discovered the woman in the bed had been slain. She lay on her left side. A pillow had been placed over her head to conceal the bullet wound in the right temple.

The initiation of a manly hat which the man wore was on the floor near the bed. When he left the hotel yesterday morning he wore a fedora hat. The bellboy who saw him depart thinks the fedora was brown, but is not certain.

The woman was about 5 feet 7 inches tall and weighed about 130 pounds. Her complexion was sallow and her face was rather long and bearded. She had light brown hair, gray eyes and a prominent nose. When she entered the hotel she wore a light blue dress and a hat of the same color, trimmed with pink flowers. Neither the dress nor the hat was expensive.

Hotel employees described the man as being about 5 feet 8 inches tall and weighing about 150 pounds. His face was described as being very red. He wore a black sack suit.

**Effects Can't Be Identified.**  
The woman's hat, showing the imprint of the Drexler Jewelry Co., was bought from Mathilde's millinery store at 1223 Franklin avenue. Detectives took the hat to the store. It was said there that there was no way of telling to whom the hat was sold, as it was a staple pattern, many of which had been sold to cash customers whose names were not taken. The milliner said the hat had been retained and possibly returned since it was sold.

The man's initiation Panama hat was bought from the Grissom-Hunkler Purshing goods store at 814 North Broadway. It also was of a staple kind, sold to many customers.

**GOING AWAY?** See the Resort and Country Board offers on the first want ad—especially Sunday.

## EAST ST. LOUIS HAS THREE INFANT PARALYSIS CASES

One Also Is Revealed in Maplewood, St. Louis County, but None of the Patients Is Said to Be in Any Immediate Danger.

Three cases of infantile paralysis have been found in East St. Louis, according to Health Commissioner R. X. McCracken.

Dr. Thomas Hagarty of East St. Louis Thursday was called to the home of Edward Clark, 507 North Thirty-seventh street, to treat Josephine Clark, 2½ years old, and six-months-old Virginia Clark for what the father called rheumatism. Dr. Hagarty diagnosed the trouble as infantile paralysis in a mild stage. He heard that the children had been playing with the children of Marcel Boyer of 514 North Thirty-seventh street, and upon investigation there found that a two-year-old daughter of the Boyers had the same disease.

Both houses have been quarantined. Although Dr. Hagarty reported the cases immediately to the East St. Louis Health Department, the latter has public health news only today.

The fact that there is a case of infantile paralysis in Maplewood, St. Louis County, became known today. The patient is a 6-year-old daughter of George Klenzie and she is being treated at the Klenzie home, in the 6700 block on Comfort avenue.

Dr. L. W. Cape was called in to attend the child July 4. He diagnosed the case as infantile paralysis and called in two specialists who since then have been working with him. Dr. Cape today said the child had shown some improvement since being stricken and that the paralysis symptoms appeared to be gradually subsiding.

Dr. M. C. Woodruff, Dr. M. Pinckney Morrell and Dr. Maurice Thompson of the Health Department, assisted by two nurses and four policemen, began this morning examining the passengers arriving at Union Station on trains from the East as a precaution against the infantile paralysis epidemic which is causing many deaths in New York.

All children under 12 years of age are taken to a temporary station under the Market street stairway for examination. If a temperature of more than 100 is found, further precautionary steps will be taken. If the child lives here it will be permitted to proceed home and will be isolated there and kept under observation. If stopping temporarily in the city it will be taken to the isolation hospital. If passing through it will be permitted to proceed, and the authorities at its destination will be notified by wire.

If there are other symptoms besides the high temperature, the child will be taken to the isolation hospital at once. Up to 8 o'clock the passengers arriving on three trains had been examined. On the three trains there were 12 children and all were in good health. No sick adults were found. Adult passengers will be examined only if they are sick, to determine what illness they are suffering from.

Dr. Woodruff said that it would probably be found necessary to station doctors at Washington avenue station to examine children leaving trains there.

**126 DIE IN WEEK  
IN NEW YORK OF  
INFANT PARALYSIS**

Eight Hundred Cases Reported in That Period of Which 95 Are Now Today.

NEW YORK, July 8.—Although this was the hottest day since the beginning of the epidemic of infantile paralysis two weeks ago, there were fewer fatalities from the disease yesterday. During the 24 hours preceding 10 o'clock today the disease killed 18 children in the Greater City, 13 of this number dying in Brooklyn.

Ninety-five new cases of the disease were reported in the five boroughs. During the week just ending there were 13 deaths, 106 of this number in Brooklyn. More than 800 cases were reported. The falling off in the number of fatalities and new cases during the last three days, although only slight, is regarded as favorable by health experts. There were 24 deaths during the 24 hours ending at 10 o'clock Thursday morning, 22 on Friday and 10 today.

Assistant Surgeon-General W. C. Rucker of the Federal Public Health Service, who reached New York today from Washington to participate in conferences here regarding means of preventing a general spread of the disease, said in consultation with Health Commissioner Emerson and other health officials and experts.

That not 50 of the cases reported to the health authorities as acute anterior poliomyelitis, or infantile paralysis, are genuine is the statement made by Dr. Thomas Darlington, formerly President of the Board of Health. An urgent appeal for more doctors and nurses was made by the Brooklyn Health Department. The absence of many doctors on their vacations and with regiments at the border made it difficult, the department said, to get volunteers.

"These inspectors from the public health service," said Dr. Haver Emerson, the City Health Commissioner, "will not take over our administration. They are empowered to go anywhere and adopt any measures not allowed to the experts of our department. We cannot go beyond the city limits."

Dr. Emerson declared it would be impracticable to prevent parents and children from leaving the city even though they come from infected districts. No known cases may be moved, however, and none will be permitted to leave New York City, and all persons in contact with the disease must remain here.

**Doubt If Disease Will Spread.**  
The health officials attach little significance thus far to reports of isolated cases in other parts of the country. They are empowered to go anywhere and adopt any measures not allowed to the experts of our department. We cannot go beyond the city limits."

The epidemic here has cast its shadow in many places. Children under 12 have been barred not only from moving picture shows, but from all the amusements at Coney Island except those in the open air. Sixteen playground streets were closed today and the opening of 30 more was delayed.

The children's rooms in the public libraries and all playgrounds and lots were closed. Oil will be sprinkled on Continued on Page 2, Col. 2.

## \$3,000,000 ROAD BONDS OF COUNTY HELD TO BE VALID

Supreme Court Rules Only Illegality Is Technical, Based on Denomination of Issue.

ONE-HALF OF \$100 VALUE

Larger Kind Desirable, Because They Are More Readily Salable at a Premium.

JEFFERSON CITY, July 8.—The Supreme Court in banc today held that the issuing of \$3,000,000 St. Louis County road bonds was constitutionally legal, although the form in which the bonds were issued was technically illegal. The decision was handed down in a friendly mandamus suit brought by Prosecuting Attorney Ralph of St. Louis County to compel the State Auditor to register a partial issue of the \$3,000,000 bonds voted at a special election last February.

The bonds were submitted for registration in denominations of \$100, \$500 and \$1000. The statute governing county bond issues provides that one-half of one issue of bonds must be in bonds of \$100 denomination.

The suit was brought in order to obtain a decision as to whether it would be required that one half the total issue of bonds must be in \$100 denominations. It was considered desirable to issue as many of the bonds as possible in \$100 denomination, as they would be more marketable and demand a higher premium than bonds of low denomination.

**FRISCO RECEIVERS FILE THE  
FINAL REPORT OF THEIR WORK**

Made Prior to Sale of Railway and Property Under Mortgage Foreclosure.

Frisco receivers today filed a final report of their work in the office of the Clerk of the United States District Court. The report is made prior to the sale of the railway and its property under mortgage foreclosure at its bond issues, which has been set for July 13. The statements, under the head of "unpaid liabilities of the receivers to June 30, 1916, show \$1,404,788.02 of miscellaneous items with a special record of Missouri overcharge freight claims of \$1,288,760.53.

A part of the report recites 2012 specific contracts and leases in effect at the present time with other railroads, individuals and business concerns. Under the heading of unpaid damages against the defendant company, the obligations of the road to its connecting lines and on account of interline business is shown.

The total miscellaneous unpaid items, with the freight overcharge claims is \$2,693,548.55.

Advertise that lost article through the Post-Dispatch Lost and Found columns and it will be restored to you if an honest person finds it.

**BOY BITES GOLF BALL, MAY DIE**

GREENWICH, Conn., July 8.—Biting into the center of a golf ball may cost Charles Andria, 12-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Andria, his life. He is in the Greenwich hospital and little hope is entertained for his recovery. He pierced the acid pocket in the center, and the fluid burned his mouth. He is believed to have swallowed some of it.

**In Tomorrow's  
Sunday Post-Dispatch**

**PAINTINGS INSPIRED BY  
EUROPE'S GREAT WAR—**

A page of reproductions in ROTOGRAVURE of striking canvases from London's biggest annual exhibition.

**ACROSS THE BORDER  
IN MEXICO—**

A page in the ROTOGRAVURE SECTION of military photographs from our neighbor land.

**"THE BOY SCOUT"**

A cracking good story for boys by the late RICHARD HARDING DAVIS.

**"THE CURSE OF HEREDITARY WEALTH"**

A remarkable article by Andrew Carnegie on a subject that is close to the multimillionaire's heart.

**SILVER-LINED CLOUDS  
OF A MIDSUMMER  
HONEYMOON—**

A double page of drawings in colors by Miss Barksdale Rogers, one of the experiences of a society bride.

**DEMOCRACY THE WORLD  
OVER ON TRIAL IN THIS  
WAR, SAYS WINSTON  
CHURCHILL—**

Former First Lord of the British Admiralty and member of Parliament tells why he believes German victory would be a menace to popular government everywhere.

**ORDER YOUR COPY TODAY**

## New Picture of Gen. Joffre, Director of Allies "Big Push"



In this photograph, taken at the headquarters of the French army, Gen. Joffre is shown addressing Gen. Bazelaud and Gen. Humbert.

## GOV. MAJOR IN THE CITY IN A SPARKLING BROWN SILK SUIT

Executive Appears in Garment That Hurled Back Sun's Rays—Red Necktie, Too.

Gov. Elliott W. Major is in town today in a brown silk or near-silk suit that is nothing less than refulgent. He was at the Jefferson this morning and was the cynosure of all eyes, but did he care? He did not.

His suit was in a peculiar sense light brown. It radiated light brown rays. It glowed. The sunlight was thrown back abashed.

With it the Governor wore a Panama hat at a regular angle, and the red necktie he wore was in many a day. Those famous dancing feet were encased in white canvas shoes, and as he draped one gubernatorial leg over the arm of a chair he displayed a white silk sock with the sunniest black stripe.

He was smoking and between puffs he held his cigar between two fingers at an angle that was positively stylish. Only one thing was missing and that was the Governor's justly celebrated boutonniere, sometimes spoken of in Missouri as a "button-hole boy."

Somewhere told the Governor he was looking mighty fine. "Well," he said laconically, "I've taken off everything that I could. It's so awfully hot. It was not what the Governor had taken off that was causing the commotion. It was what he had put on."

**TO MAKE \$50,000 AEROPLANES**

Connecticut Concern to Build Machines of Great Carrying Capacity.

NEW YORK, July 8.—A. W. Raygorodsky, president of the International Aerial Navigation Co., today verified reports from Bridgeport, Conn., that his company is about to embark in the manufacture of aeroplanes of heavy carrying capacity.

Not only does the company, according to Raygorodsky, purpose to build these machines for the allies, but it also purposes to establish aerial ferries between New York and Boston and between New York and Philadelphia. The manufacture of aeroplanes to sell for \$50,000 each is the company's plan.

**PRE-AZTEC HOUSE UNEARTHED**

Americans Digging Trench Find House Believed to Be 5000 Years Old.

FIELD HEADQUARTERS, Mexico, July 8.—American soldiers unwittingly became archeologists today while digging a rifle trench, by uncovering an Indian house believed to be at least 5000 years old. The site of the camp was held up as the world's expeditionary force to have been the dwelling place of a prehistoric race, forerunners of the Aztecs. The population of the ancient city, it is believed, consisted possibly of several thousand persons. In the house discovered today were some perfectly preserved specimens of decorated pottery.

**Free Band Concerts Today**

Fischer's Band, at South Side Pool, 2:30 to 5 p. m.  
Bauer's Band, at St. Louis Park, 7 to 9:30 p. m.

## SERIOUS REPULSES OF ALLIES IN THE WEST CLAIMED BY BERLIN

Repeated Attacks By French and British North and South of Somme Declared to Have Been Thrown Back and Enormous Number of Enemy Killed.

BERLIN (Via London), July 8.—German troops on both sides of the Somme, in the field of the entente offensive along the western front, have repulsed with heavy losses repeated attacks by the British and French, the War Office announced today.

The German artillery, machine gun and infantry fire had a devastating effect upon the huge masses of attacking forces, as is indicated by the enormous numbers of dead left before Ovillers, Contalmaison and other points attacked by the allies, the announcement declares.

The official statement regarding operations on the western front says: "Western front. On both sides of the Somme our heroism and tenacity proved for the enemy a day full of deceptions. Numerous and continuously repeated attacks were repulsed with sanguinary losses. The enormous number of fallen Englishmen before the Ovillers, Contalmaison-Hazentine le Grand sector and of fallen Frenchmen before Balches-Soyecourt front, give an indication of the masses of enemy forces employed for the attacks and of the devastating effect of our artillery, machine gun and infantry fire.

"On the right bank of the Meuse the enemy continues to sacrifice his men in strong, fruitless assaults against our positions on Froid de Terra Hill. He has not been able to win a foot of ground. Several hundred prisoners fell into our hands.

"Weak advances against the Dampierre Hill battery were easily repulsed. Artillery and patrol activity on the remainder of the front was very lively in places. An attack made by about one company of French in the Bois de Prete failed."

**British and French Gain on the Somme; Impeded By Rains**

LONDON, July 8.—The French made a further advance last night on the Somme front in the vicinity of Belloy-en-Santerre and Estrees, according to an announcement from Paris this morning. Heavy rains are impeding the operations of both the French and the British.

With the aid of wave after wave of infantry, the British army continues to make slow progress in its effort to bring the front line between the Ancre and Montauban to the level with the French line further south, the French having pushed further ahead than their allies. This effort on the part of the British has led to the most furious fighting in which the British troops have been engaged. The flow of the French line further south, the French having pushed further ahead than their allies. This effort on the part of the British has led to the most furious fighting in which the British troops have been engaged.

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## DEAD EVERYWHERE IN FRICOURT RUNS AFTER BRITISH CAPTURE TOWN

Power of Attackers' Guns Attested in Completeness of Wreck—British Officer Says New Army Behaved Well.

PARIS, July 8.—A French official observer, describing conditions in the village of Fricourt after it had been taken by the British in the recent advance north of the Somme, says:

"Fricourt, as did Montauban, presented a spectacle in ruins which were in a state of such complete disorder as to show the power of the new British heavy guns. It now is the Germans' turn to pulverize the ruins, and they are destroying what remains of the shattered relics."

"Everywhere we dead. Behind a demolished parapet a German grenadier still holds a grenade clutched in his dead hand. Farther along is a group of three German infantrymen, torn to pieces by shells and then half covered by falling walls. In every corner in the holes made by the shells are dead and still more dead."

**Prisoners Questioned.**  
"The battle continues not far off and the grenade fighting is going on. We plainly hear the repeated explosions of these projectiles. German shells keep falling without cessation on the Western end of the village."

"Back of the firing line we come across a group of prisoners from the 18th Regiment of Prussian Infantry, of which an entire battalion has surrendered. We pause to interrogate them. I put the following questions to them: 'Where were you before coming here?'"

"In the Champagne, facing Tahura." "How did you come north?"

**STREET NAME CHANGES NOT TO AFFECT VOTERS' STANDING**

Election Board Given Information in Each Case When Addresses Were Altered.

Residents along streets whose names or systems of numbers have been changed recently by the Board of Aldermen and the Street Department have received word from the Board of Election Commissioners that those among them who are voters will suffer no inconvenience on account of the innovations. As each street name and house number was altered, the Election Commissioners were furnished with the information so that voters registered under former addresses could vote at the August primaries from the new ones.

At Friday's session of the Board of Aldermen bills changing the names of eight streets or parts of streets were adopted. Calvary avenue, from Birchler road to Florissant avenue, will hereafter be known as Ruskin avenue; Rosalie avenue, from Ellendale avenue to the city limits, will be Arsenal street; Arnet street, from Duquesne avenue to King's highway, will be Rosalie street; Berney avenue, from Birchler road to Florissant avenue, will be Union avenue; Union avenue, from Birchler road to Florissant avenue, will be Claxton street; Fresh avenue, from Partridge avenue to city limits, will be Stratford avenue; and Jennings avenue, from Thrush avenue to city limits, will be Lillian avenue. All but one of the streets whose names have been changed are in the northwest part of the city. The west side of Twelfth street, between Locust and Olive streets, will be Star Square.

**Diamond Rings, Pay \$1 a Week.**  
Lottis Bros. & Co., 24 ft., 32 N. 8th st.

**U. S. Fish Car Ready Soon.**  
WASHINGTON, July 8.—The Bureau of Fisheries announced today that the new steel car in which fish will be distributed to every State, will be placed in commission soon. The car contains a number of insulated tanks with a total capacity of 120 10-gallon cans in which live fish are held.

**Dr. J. Calhoun Gravely Ill.**  
CHICAGO, July 8.—The condition of William J. Calhoun, former Minister to China, is reported to be unimproved. He has been suffering from paralysis.

**MAN FOUND DEAD AFTER HIS WIFE LEAVES WITH CHILDREN**

Lamp Lighter's Body Discovered in Home With Bullet Wound in Chest.

Joseph Faumbold, a lamplighter, 38 years old, was found dead last night in his room at 3201 Sample avenue. He was lying in bed with his head resting against a picture of the Holy Family which had been removed from the wall. There was a bullet wound in his chest and a 22-calibre rifle was at his side.

Faumbold's wife, Mrs. Mary Faumbold, left home at noon yesterday in his absence. She took her three small children with her and told neighbors that she was going to her mother in Venice, Ill. Joseph Dempsey of 5607 Greer avenue told the police that he saw Faumbold weeping at 5 p. m. The body was found at 9 p. m.

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## SLAVS FAIL IN ATTACK AGAINST PRINCE LEOPOLD

Germans Also Claim to Have Gained Advantages South of Lutsk.

RETIREMENT ON STYR

Teutons Were Exposed to Double Outflanking Movement.

BERLIN, via London, July 8.—Heavy attacks by the Russians against German troops of Prince Leopold in the Baranovichi region have been repulsed with losses of thousands in dead to the attacking forces, according to today's official War Office announcement.

Russian assaults northwest of Buczacz Galla were fruitless, and in Volynia the Germans gained advantages south of Lutsk.

The withdrawal of Teutonic lines along the bend of the Sty River in Volynia, where the advanced positions were exposed to pressure from notably superior hostile forces, was announced in the Austro-Hungarian report of July 7, received here today. The official statement says:

**Prisoners Reported Taken.**  
"Russian front—in Bukovina in successful engagements our troops brought in 600 prisoners and four machine guns."

"In southeastern Galicia, between Delatyn and Sadowka, a Russian attack in strong force was defeated by Alpine territorial troops."

"Further north in the Kolki district the situation is unchanged, no important events having occurred."

"Austro-Hungarian troops fighting along the bend of the Sty, opposed for four weeks past to hostile forces which have increased from three fold to five fold superiority, received yesterday an order to withdraw their most advanced lines which were exposed to a double outflanking movement. Assisted by the cooperation of German troops west of Kolki and by the heroic action of the Polish Legion near Kaloda, the movement was executed undisturbed by the enemy."

"Yesterday was quiet with the Austro-Hungarian troops northeast of Baranovichi. The enemy there suffered serious losses in attacking against positions of the allies (Teutons)."

**Says Hospital Was Shelled.**  
"In the district of Ikva Springs, the enemy artillery shelled an Austro-Hungarian field hospital, although it was not in the line of battle."

"If such breaches of the law of nations are repeated we shall direct our guns against the monastery of Novozapocayev, which has been spared merely during almost one year's occupation."

"In the southern Suga Valley Italian troops in strong force attacked our front between Cimudici and Monte Zecchi."

"The enemy everywhere was repulsed, in some places by hand-to-hand fighting."

**RUSSIA REPORTS CAPTURE OF TWO MORE VILLAGES**

Forces Advance in Region West of Czartorysk on the River Sty.

PETROGRAD, via London, July 8.—The Russian advance in the Czartorysk region, in which the attacking German troops were thrown back yesterday, has been pushed further. The War Office last night announced the capture of the villages of Dolynka and Crustynia. The number of German and Austrian prisoners continues to increase.

"Our troops continue to develop their successes in the region west of the Czartorysk sector on the River Sty. Following the capture of the village of Dolynka, the village of Crustynia was captured. The number of German and Austrian prisoners continues to increase."

"On the front south of the Stokhod River the enemy is maintaining a very violent fire in numerous sectors. North of the lower Lupa, under the influence of the enemy's artillery fire, the enemy attempted to take the offensive in the region of Schkell and Dubovya, but was repulsed. The artillery fire continues."

"On the Galician front there were artillery duels at many points. In the region east of Montastorkyza on the Korpole River our troops continue to press back the enemy. West of the village of Sadowka, east of Delatyn, we captured a position of the enemy and took some German prisoners."

"Southwest of Lake Naroc (south of the Divinski) the German made a fierce counter-attack and reconquered part of the trenches they lost yesterday. The fighting continues."

"On a considerable part of the front between the Upper Nieman and the Pinski marshes there were violent artillery duels. In the Baranovichi region of the village of Odchovycha the Germans pressed us back slightly as a result of a violent counter-attack but our concentrated fire compelled the Germans to withdraw. In the Baranovichi region our machine guns engaged in duels with German machine guns in the course of several night attacks and reduced them to silence."

"In the recent fighting the machine gunner, Aloda, particularly distinguished himself. Although wounded in the head and bruised by splinters he did not desert his post and he inflicted enormous losses on the enemy."

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PHILADELPHIA, July 8.—Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, Commissioner of the State Department of Health, announced here last night that a case of infantile paralysis had been reported to his department from South Bethlehem. The patient is the 3-year-old son of a Hungarian family. Two cases of the disease were reported Wednesday.

**Only 45 Cases in State Outside of New York City.**  
ALBANY, N. Y., July 8.—According to reports received at State Health Department headquarters up to 6 o'clock last night, there are only 45 cases of infantile paralysis in the State outside of Greater New York.

**Baltimore Has Recorded Only One Case So Far.**  
BALTIMORE, July 8.—The Baltimore Health Department yesterday announced that a case of infantile paralysis had been discovered in this city, that of a 10-months-old child.

**First Infantile Paralysis Case of Year Reported in Pittsburgh.**  
PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 8.—A case of infantile paralysis was reported to the Health Department yesterday and orders were issued establishing a quarantine. It is the first case this year, although it was listed in 1915.

**Three New Cases of Infantile Paralysis Reported at Chicago.**  
CHICAGO, July 8.—Three new cases of infantile paralysis were reported here today. Two of them were at Elston Island, a suburb of Chicago. Dr. John W. Robertson, Commissioner of Health, declared there was no great exodus from New

York to Chicago, and that there was no probability of the disease spreading to Chicago in virulent form.

**Two Children at Paterson, N. J., Have Infantile Paralysis.**  
PATERSON, N. J., July 8.—Two children were taken to the isolation hospital today suffering from infantile paralysis. Several other persons are under observation.

**THE DAY IN CONGRESS.**  
WASHINGTON, July 8.—SENATE.  
Resumed consideration of agricultural appropriation bill.  
Foreign Affairs Committee decided not to recommend passage of resolution asking the President to seek stay of execution for Sir Roger Casement.  
Democracy caucus on shipping bill arranged for 2 p. m.  
HOUSE.  
Continued consideration of general revenue bill.  
Mines Committee favorably reported bill authorizing collection and publication of statistics on crude petroleum production, manufacture and marketing.

## ENGLAND DEFINES THE NEW POLICY OF ALLIES ON SEA

Announces That Belligerent Rights Will Be Exercised in Accord With Law of Nations.

"ORDERS IN COUNCIL 1916"

All Made Under Declaration of London Since Beginning of War Are Withdrawn.

LONDON, July 8.—In accordance with the recent decision of the British Government to discontinue the partial enforcement of the Declaration of London, which has reference to the conduct of naval warfare, an order in council is published in the London Gazette, under which all orders made under the Declaration of London since the beginning of the war are withdrawn.

The new order declares it to be the intention of Great Britain and her allies to exercise their belligerent rights at sea in strict accordance with the law of nations. On account of the changed conditions of commerce and the diversity of practice, doubts might arise in certain matters as to the rules which the allies might regard as in conformity with the law of nations and it is ordered that the following provisions be observed:

"1. The hostile destination required for the condemnation of contraband articles shall be presumed to exist until the contrary is shown. If the goods are consigned to or for an enemy state or to or for a person in the territory belonging to or occupied by the enemy, or to or for a person who during the present hostilities has forwarded contraband goods to an enemy state or to or for a person in territory belonging to or occupied by the enemy, or if the goods are consigned to order or if the ship's papers do not show who is the real consignee of the goods."

**Ultimate Destination.**  
"2. The principle of continuous voyage or ultimate destination shall be applicable both in cases of contraband and blockade."

"3. A neutral vessel carrying contraband with papers indicating a neutral destination which, notwithstanding the destination shown on the papers, proceeds to an enemy port, shall be liable to capture and condemnation if she is encountered before the end of her next voyage."

"4. A vessel carrying contraband shall be liable to capture and condemnation if the contrary is shown by the evidence, either by value, weight, volume or freight, forms more than half the cargo."

It is further ordered that nothing in the new regulations shall be deemed to affect the order in council of March 11, 1915, for further restricting the commerce of the enemy or any proclamations declaring articles to be contraband of war during the present hostilities; nor shall the new regulations slightly advance the rights now done under the orders in council now withdrawn.

**Prize Court Proceedings.**  
Any cause or proceeding commenced in prize court before the making of the new order in council shall, if it just, be heard and decided under the orders withdrawn, so far as they were in force when such cause or proceeding was begun or would have been applicable in such cause or proceeding if the new order had not been made.

The new order is cited as "maritime rights orders in council, 1916."

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Some encouragement is found in the fact that fewer new cases were reported yesterday than on Thursday and Wednesday. All the medical men agree, however, that only by unremitting vigilance and the strict enforcement of every known sanitary precaution can the epidemic be kept within bounds.

Dr. Emerson will prosecute physicians who have failed to report cases of the disease they have attended.

The Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor has found that in the congested districts frightened mothers have interned their children in their tenement homes. In many instances with windows closed. Such action, it is pointed out, is likely to have serious effect, not only on the children but on the community.

Secretary of Agriculture Houston will facilitate the entry into the country of specimens of rhesus monkeys from the Philippine Islands, which are urgently needed for research work in connection with infantile paralysis. Dr. Emerson admits his department has been unable to determine the actual cause of the epidemic.

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## FRENCH READY TO MAKE FINAL DRIVE ON PERONNE, LINCOLN EYRE SAYS

Big Siege Guns Are Advanced for Bombardment of German Third Lines—Airmen Harass the Enemy.

By LINCOLN EYRE.

A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch and the New York World.

PARIS, July 8.—The strenuous activity of their aerial bombardments at significant points behind the German front, and the renewed thunder of their heavy batteries directed against the German third line defenses from emplacements considerably in advance of their original artillery positions, is evidence that the French have not yet finished with the Germans on the Somme.

To what extent the moving forward of the cumbersome siege guns to catch up with the four-mile advance of the infantry has progressed cannot of course be stated, but I am authorized to record the fact that not only all the field guns as well as the big caliber cannon are now in readiness to pulverize the trenches between the French troops and Peronne whenever the high command gives the word.

The shelling already under way is extremely vigorous, though it has not reached the proportions attained during the preparatory bombardment in the last days of June. It is designed to impede the passage of the reinforcements being pushed to the Peronne front as fast as trains can carry them across the Germans in the third line trenches and act as a deterrent of counter-attacks.

**Airmen Are Assailing.**  
The long range guns dropping destruction missiles into the German cantonnements many miles behind the firing line, have been assisted by the airmen, who as a result of bomb dropping excursions against Ham-les-Moines, the most important junction of the railroads serving the Somme sector from the north-east, have forced the Germans entirely to rebuild the roadbed.

As Ham-les-Moines is only about eight miles from the great general staff headquarters at Charleville, where the Kaiser is said to be stopping, the aircraft attacks of Wednesday and Thursday afternoon are believed to have created moral as well as material havoc. A good sized convoy of Fokkers and Aviatiks guarding Charleville arose to attack the French battle planes carrying the bigger bombing machines, and thereby lost at least two of their number without damaging the French squadron.

So overwhelming was the effect of the French offensive that not until Wednesday night did the Germans rally sufficiently to challenge the occupation of all their first and second line positions from Clercy to Estrees, a distance of about six miles.

A fresh division brought by rail from a reserve depot near Amiens, assisted by two heavy regiments of the Sixth Silesian Corps, struck at the village of Hem, but succeeded merely in getting a temporary foothold in two small woods lying south of the road from Clercy to Maricourt. The French general officer commanding in this region slightly advanced his left wing and thus adroitly flung the Germans back with heavy loss from a torrent of shrapnel inundating them, and simultaneously occupied another wood to the northeast of Hem.

**German Charges Broken Up.**  
Two further attempts by the Germans in the same sector Thursday morning and afternoon were broken up before the assaulting waves reached the French barbed wire. South

of the Somme, Gen. von Elzen launched one attack against Belloy-en-Santerre Wednesday night and several bitter onslaughts were made against Berney-en-Santerre, two miles southward, Thursday afternoon.

Two companies of Bavarians were annihilated in the latter attack, having braved the Seventy-five's curtain of fire only to come under a concroic volley from a nest of French machine guns.

It has been ascertained that along the miles of front on which the French have been waging their offensive there were, on July 7, 27 German battalions and that since then four reserve divisions, or the equivalent of another 80 battalions, have been transported thither.

Two of the fresh divisions have already suffered severe losses in the costly counter attacking recorded above.

Of the French troops engaged I am permitted only to say that the Foreign Legion, which is one of several regiments comprised in the Moroccan division, has added to its many previous distinctions an amazingly swift consolidation of the captured German positions in Asservilles, which its soldiers accomplished under a heavy fire in one night, and by the taking of Belloy-en-Santerre at the point of the bayonet the following morning.

No authentic news has yet been received of any of the 30 Americans still in the Legion. The names of Gen. Balfour, who commands the Iron Twentieth Corps, and Gen. Fayolle, commanding the Moroccan division of the Colonial Infantry, are becoming familiar everywhere in France.

German officers captured before Verdun and at the Somme, meeting at the prison camp at Blank, exchanged the latest news regarding the activities of the different sectors.

**Bavarian Captain's Story.**  
A Bavarian Captain captured when the French stormed Fricourt said: "The bombardment began June 25, and the attack was expected June 28. In the morning the bombardment intensified and increased for three days more before the attack began."

"At the apex of the cannonade it is estimated 800 shells per minute rained on the German positions. The constantly bursting above caused such atmospheric concussion and detonations of the earth that officers and men were sickened and nauseated by the incessant trembling. During the three days prior to the attack the Germans were listless and apathetic, took no nourishment, but craved water, as all the communications were cut off and the pipe lines shattered."

"When the French infantry finally started to charge and the bombardment stopped, the German soldiers were taken by surprise. They were not prepared for the reinforcements, but the French barrier fire prevented the reserves debouching. We dragged a machine gun from a dug-out to a crater, but a French aviator signalled the batteries and a shell dropped among us. The next thing I knew I was a prisoner."

A German officer captured at Thiaumont said: "I don't know if the high command really expects to capture Verdun. I was the sole officer left of my original battalion. We had been sent to the rear five times for the ranks to be filled and then sent to the front again five times. The capture of Verdun would be unimportant now—three months too late."

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# OF WAR RRED TO 3 S IN PRISON

iamen at Leavenworth  
Selling Federal  
nt War Pardon.

Post-Dispatch,  
July 8.—Capt. George  
townsville and Lieut. Emory  
of Austin would much  
three years fighting with  
s troops in Mexico than  
length of time in the  
at Leavenworth, Kan.,  
now.

Walker was formerly of  
Texas National Guard,  
and here recently on  
unlawfully disposed  
equipment belonging to  
Government, and were  
years' prison sentence.  
The value of the goods  
of the Carranza army  
placed at about \$50,000  
States War Department,  
however, by Walker,  
at the trial of the case,  
was received for the

General Government started  
of the matter about a  
he disappeared. He went  
to be joined the military  
Carranza. He is said  
appointed to the rank of  
Constitutionalist army,  
a number of battles  
forces, but, finally tiring  
it, he returned to Texas  
ago, and gave himself  
orties.

and Head are now mak-  
through their friends to  
from President Wil-  
that they may join the  
contingent.

# ASS'N. ASSENTS ITARY INSTRUCTION

Training Should Not  
to "Pervert Edu-  
Purposes."—The  
July 8.—The National  
association went on re-  
cations as assenting to  
ing in schools provid-  
ing ends should not be  
svert the educational  
activities of the schools.  
nge of attitude. Last  
ation came out flat-  
such training, and  
n on military training  
the community or  
duce such elements of  
into the school as  
and prudent, yet it  
believes that such  
be strictly education-  
organization and that  
ould not be permitted  
educational purposes  
the school.

# SUMMER DRINK

Acid Phosphate  
refreshing, highly beneficial  
the health. Buy a bottle.

# NOTS MAN DRINKING WITH HIS MOTHER

Besdek, 17 years old, of  
st. street, returned home  
this morning and found  
his mother, Theresa Besdek,  
sitting beer with her  
father, 37 years old, and  
from the house. Graber  
and the latter got  
pointed it at the  
then chased him into  
back, after firing two  
sent three bullets into  
y.

en to the city hospital  
his neck, right side and  
and his mother were  
separated, the latter  
ennet place. He said  
to see his mother  
ber.

# LAN'S y Removes n. One package at all druggists.

AG  
RN  
15th-16th  
23d

# CHICAGO he 15th TON

8008 Indiana avenue, a  
ounded man, and 60-  
years old, a brother  
itness the shooting.

# AMERICAN NOTE LIKELY TO REACH CARRANZA TODAY

State Department Awaits Advice  
Before Deciding How to  
Conduct Negotiations.

# WANTS QUICK ACTION

News of Defeat of Carranza  
Force by Bandits Causes  
Some Concern.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The Amer-  
can note accepting the Carranza pro-  
posal that differences between the two  
governments be settled by diplomatic  
means probably was in the hands of  
Gen. Carranza today. It was delivered  
to Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican Ambas-  
sador-designate, yesterday by Secretary  
Lansing, just before the Secretary left  
for a 30-day vacation.

Inception of diplomatic conversations  
await a suggestion from Gen. Carranza  
as to how they should proceed. State  
Department officials believe more can  
be accomplished through informal con-  
ferences between Arredondo and Frank  
L. Polk, acting Secretary of State, than  
by a more formal change of views. They  
are willing to accede, however, to some  
other plan should the de facto Govern-  
ment propose it.

Officials did not fail to note that Sec-  
retary Lansing, in his reply to Car-  
ranza, laid stress upon the desirability  
of giving quick and practical consid-  
eration to the immediate conditions  
along the border, which have been a  
source of controversy. The language of  
the communication plainly intimates  
that a speedy solution of that problem  
will be sought, whatever time may be  
allowed afterward to find a means of  
aiding the de facto Government in re-  
storing normal economic conditions  
throughout Mexico.

Text of Lansing's Note.  
Secretary Lansing's note, addressed to  
Arredondo, which was forwarded to his  
Government by the Ambassador design-  
ated soon after it was handed to him  
yesterday, follows:  
"Sir: I have the honor to acknowl-  
edge the receipt of your communication  
of July 4, 1916, in which you transcribe  
a note addressed to me by the Secretary  
of Foreign Relations of your Govern-  
ment and to request to you that you  
will transmit to him the following re-  
ply:  
"Mr. Secretary:  
"I have the honor to acknowledge the re-  
ceipt of your courteous communication  
transmitted to me by Senator Arredondo  
the fourth instant, in which you refer  
to my notes of June 20th and June 25th,  
and to assure you of the sincere grati-  
fication of my Government at the frank  
statement of the difficulties which have  
unfortunately arisen in our relations  
along the international boundary and  
the unpreserved expression of the desire  
of your Government to reach an adjust-  
ment of these difficulties on a broad  
and amicable basis. The same spirit of  
friendship and solicitude for the con-  
tinuance of cordial relations between  
our two countries inspires my Govern-  
ment, which equally desires an immedi-  
ate solution of the matters of differ-  
ence which have long vexed both Govern-  
ments.

"It is especially pleasing to my Gov-  
ernment that the de facto Government  
of Mexico is disposed to give quick,  
as well as practical consideration to a  
spirit of concord to the remedies which  
may be applied to the existing conditions.  
Reciprocating the same desire the Gov-  
ernment of the United States is prepared  
immediately to exchange views as to a  
practical plan to remove finally and  
prevent a recurrence of the difficulties  
which have been the source of the  
controversy.  
"Accept, Mr. Secretary, the renewed  
assurances of my highest consideration.  
"I am, sir, yours very sincerely,  
"ROBERT LANSING."

A further report on the fight in which  
bandits overwhelmed a Carranza force  
near Corralitos, Southern Chihuahua,  
was looked for today. Of greatest im-  
portance to officials was the question of  
whether the outlaw band included Fran-  
cisco Villa and whether it is bound  
for the American border to make another  
raid, the possibility of which Gen. Car-  
ranza mentioned in a special communi-  
cation to the American Government yester-  
day.

War Department officials expressed  
doubt whether any bandit force would  
attempt another attack such as that on  
Columbus, N. M., and pointed out that  
the distance from Corralitos to the near-  
est border point in the Big Bend district  
of Texas is 165 miles and the route is  
over a desert. Preparations will be  
made to guard against any possible at-  
tack.

The State Department had a report  
from an American who said he talked  
to Villa at Corralitos a few days be-  
fore the fight with Carranzistas.  
The incident of the latest bandit out-  
break, even if it does not extend to  
American soil, is expected to influence  
the diplomatic conversations which may  
begin soon between Arredondo, Carranza's  
Ambassador designate, and Acting  
Secretary of State Polk. Officials  
believe it indicates the Carranza Gov-  
ernment cannot yet suppress outlaws  
entirely in districts its troops are sup-  
posed to control.

Villa Is Reported to Be Active at  
Canutillo.  
WASHINGTON, July 8.—A state-  
ment by the War Department Press  
Bureau today said that more un-  
supported rumors had been received of  
the presence of Villa at a place called  
Canutillo on the Rio Rioja, west  
of Parral.

According to the reports, Villa's  
wounds were caused by a bullet that  
passed through the back muscles of  
both sides without striking a bone,  
and he has recovered sufficiently to  
walk with a limp and ride with great-  
est ease.

# MILITIA SHOWS PROGRESS TOWARD ARMY STANDARDS

Regulars and Observers Along Border Agree It  
Is Possible to Report Improvement—  
New Mexican Guards.

By CLAIR KENAMORE,  
A Staff Correspondent of the Post-  
Dispatch.

EL PASO, Tex., July 8.—Army men  
and observers of events along the bor-  
der watch with keenest interest advances  
made by the State militia towards regu-  
lar army standards, and all agree,  
supporters and opponents of the State  
troops, that it is possible to report progress.

The first militia to be called out for  
border service was that of Texas, New  
Mexico and Arizona, nearly two months  
ago. Lately, militia of all the states  
has been called to the colors. These  
last are but newly on the ground and  
the men have hardly got straightened  
out. Some of them are not yet here,  
and an order by Secretary Baker re-  
leasing from service of request all  
those with one or more dependent rela-  
tives will probably take half the men  
home. In that disorganized condition,  
it is doubtful if any fair estimate of  
their ability to be made into soldiers  
can be made.

New Mexico militia was at Columbus  
48 hours after the call was made, and  
it has been in camp there ever since.  
I saw them, they were detained at Co-  
lumbus, some of them still in civilian  
clothes, some carrying grips and all  
just away from their regular employ-  
ments. I saw them again this week,  
after two months in camp, drilling, set-  
ting up "pup" tents and doing all the  
work of a camp. To me they seem  
much nearer the regulation soldier than  
they were then.

Physically Unfit Weeded Out.  
One reason for the improvement is  
that the army medical officers have  
weeded out the physically unfit. It  
would seem that the national guard-  
ians should be subjected to the recruit  
examination of the regular army when  
he joins the militia, so that the militia  
would not waste its time on men who  
cannot enter the regular army, but this  
is not the case. New Mexico has lost,  
I am informed, 50 men out of approxi-  
mately 1000, but new places have been  
taken by newly enlisted men who could  
pass the tests. This has given them  
more capable of taking on the  
soldierly air.

Another reason for the improved ap-  
pearance is the association with regu-  
lars who know how to wear their uni-  
forms, who carry themselves jauntily,  
and who take pride in their appearance  
and bearing. The militia, in its natural  
state, is inclined to be a bit slovenly.  
The chief reason is the work through  
which the militia has been put, which  
has been, according to regulars, but  
which has averaged four hours a day  
drill, practices marches and setting up  
exercises. This has started the transi-  
tion towards the regular, and this is  
the thing the regular officers consider  
most worth while.

Mexicans Take the Oath.  
In weeding out the physically unfit,  
New Mexico lost many of its soldiers  
of Mexican blood, but when it came to  
taking the oath which makes them Fed-  
eral soldiers not a Mexican balked.  
Only four men refused to take the oath  
and they, all who Americans are in  
the guard house.

For a month, the New Mexicans have  
been doing the post work formerly done  
by the regulars. This consists of out-  
post duty, interior guard, and all other  
duties which look to the safety of the  
camp. It is doubtful if regular army  
officers would have permitted militia-  
men to take over these duties when they  
first came out.  
First Lieutenant Ben F. Ristine of the  
Twenty-third Infantry has been assigned  
to the New Mexico militia as mustering  
officer, and a noncommissioned officer  
of the regulars is helping them with  
their drills. Otherwise, there have been  
no schools for the militia officers, nor  
so far as I could learn, any strong at-  
tempt to induct them into the mysteries  
of the art of war, or into social intima-  
cy and acquaintance with the regular of-  
ficers.

It cannot be denied that nearly all  
army officers believe firmly that it re-  
quires a year or two hard training to  
make a soldier, and that to make an of-  
ficer is a life work, and they believe  
that any attempt to overcome either of  
these rules is a waste of time. They  
declare they have no time to waste. I  
have heard no militia officer complain  
of being treated in any manner objec-  
tionable, but the army men must be  
very tactful if they can conceal the feel-  
ing which exists, whether created con-  
sciously or unconsciously.

Pretty Serviceable Organization.  
The New Mexico militia seems to me  
to be a pretty serviceable little organi-  
zation as it stands now, although I be-  
lieve the officers have devoted too much  
time to recruiting and too little to drill  
and training. Army men say they have,  
too.

On a certain day orders were received  
by the militia at Columbus at 8 p. m.

Mixed just as you would  
mix, if you knew exactly  
how—of liquors you  
would select if you  
were an expert.

**Club  
Cocktails  
BELL-ANS**  
Absolutely Removes  
Indigestion. One package  
proves it. 25c at all druggists.

to send a company to Elephant Butte  
Dam to aid the civil authorities in  
guarding that work. At 10:25 p. m. the  
company's camp was clean as a pin.  
All tents and other equipment was  
loaded in their own wagons and the  
company, with 30 days' provisions and  
100 rounds of ammunition, was on its  
way.

Again they received orders at 11 p. m.  
to send a squad of men for certain duty.  
Exactly 20 minutes later, 22 men, with  
full equipment and with emergency ra-  
tions and ammunition, were at head-  
quarters, a quarter of a mile away,  
ready for service. They went into Mex-  
ico and brought back some remounts.  
Both these instances show good speed  
and efficiency for troops in a base camp  
which is not supposed to be near the  
enemy.

The New Mexico camp, when first  
pitched, was rather a sketchy thing. It  
showed the laxness and carelessness  
of the amateur. Now it is as neat and  
orderly with tents as well geyed and  
streets as clean as any on the border.  
The sanitary arrangements and condi-  
tions which are inspected daily by med-  
ical men of the regular army are as  
good as any.

While these men have advanced, they  
have not done as well in the last two  
months as they should do in the next  
two. They have had the camp work to  
do, and they have had to do it with  
trained men by the physical examina-  
tion. All have been vaccinated and  
have taken three "shots" of typhoid  
virus and this takes a man down a  
bit. But they have gained in weight  
and brouhaha of the regular army, and  
better physical condition to do the  
things required of a soldier, such as  
long marches, hours of drill or work in  
the rifle pits. The rifle range is six  
miles away and the hike there and back  
is itself good practice.

Twice the militia has been called on  
for a company of men to go to Deming  
to police the town while Villista raiders  
were hanged and these rides over rough  
roads in motor trucks were great larks  
to the boys.

One rifle, which to the innocent by-  
stander is amusing, is that the regulars  
have looted the militia of all its stereo-  
graphs and typewriter operators.  
In point of behavior, the militiamen  
have better records than the average  
regular organization of the same  
strength. There have been but five  
cases of the summary court, comparable  
to a police court, out of the 1000 men  
in two months. It is a question whether  
the Massachusetts or Pennsylvania mil-  
itia, just arrived, will show as good a  
record, comparatively, after the same  
length of time.

"They are a good-looking lot of  
men," said a regular officer of a com-  
pany of militia which was being  
marched out of Columbus in a dust  
storm to take practice in setting up dog  
tents, "but I would hate to have to  
take them into Mexico."

"Why?"  
"They are not knit together. They do  
not articulate as regulars do. An offi-  
cer must have men with whom he can  
work out problems and tricks as a  
player does chess. He must have men  
on whom he can rely to follow his or-  
ders, men perfect in drill, who will  
maneuver as well under fire as out in  
the parade grounds. They must be  
drilled until the drill is their first in-  
stinct, ahead of fear or rage or any-  
thing else. That is the only kind of  
men with which battles can be won.  
Given men of equal basic capacity, 10  
drilled men are worth 50 undrilled, and  
half-drilled men are nearly as good."

"How long will it take to make sol-  
diers of these men?"  
"If they were in the regular army,  
we might get them in shape in a year,  
but this way—quite slow."

Band Concert, Grand and Gravois.  
A band concert will be given tonight  
at Grand and Gravois avenues by the  
Grand-Gravois business men from 7:30  
to 10:30 p. m. Music will be furnished  
by Romeo Bafunno.

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# MORE CHEMISTRY FACTS PRESENTED IN ORPET TRIAL

Defense Cross-Examines Toxi-  
cologist Who Analyzed Poison  
in Marion Lambert's Stomach.

WAUKEGAN, Ill., July 8.—The Or-  
pet jury, referred to by some of its  
members as a chemistry class, listened  
today to further questions and  
answers pertaining to the subject of  
cyanide of potassium.

This is the poison with which Wil-  
liam H. Orpet is alleged to have mur-  
dered Marion Lambert. The witness  
was Dr. Ralph W. Webster, a toxicol-  
ogist called in rebuttal by the State,  
and whose cross-examination re-  
mained unfinished last night. The  
questions were asked by Attorney  
Ralph Potter representing Orpet, and  
were designed to shake testimony  
given by the witness three weeks ago.

"You testified on direct examination  
that Marion Lambert died of liquid  
cyanide of potassium. Have you  
changed your opinion since?" asked  
Potter.  
"I have not," answered Webster.  
The witness persisted in explaining  
his answers or adding modifications,  
to the satisfaction of the jury.

Under the cross-examination, Fred  
I. Wenban, the Lake Forest under-  
taker who cared for Marion's body  
and was the first, according to testi-  
mony, to notice the spots on Marion's  
clothes, was the next witness.  
The insinuations of the defense that  
spots, alleged to have been made by  
cyanide, were placed on the coat by  
someone interested in the prosecution  
formed the reason for the undertaker's  
recall.

"Did you put those spots there?" asked  
State's Attorney Ralph J. Dady.  
"I did not," replied Mr. Wenban.

"Did you know of any other place, or any-  
thing else there, or see anybody else do  
so?"  
"I did not."

Cross-examination was perfunctory  
and brief.  
In connection with the testimony of  
Mrs. Claude Youker, sister-in-law to  
Miss Celestia Youker, Orpet's reputed  
fiancee at one time, and sister of Miss  
Dorothy Mason, who testified for the  
defense several days ago, was the  
question of the substance of Miss You-  
ker's letter to Orpet while he was in  
jail here was made public today. In  
this letter Miss Youker declared that she  
had remembered that Orpet had threat-  
ened to kill anyone who might come be-  
tween them, and that this came be-  
tween the tragedy had been for her  
sake. She then, urged Orpet to make  
a confession, but he declined in rather  
forcible language.

Rebuttal May Close Today.  
It was expected that the State would  
finish its rebuttal testimony before ad-  
journment tonight. In that event the  
argument will begin Monday.

Dr. Webster admitted yesterday that  
he believed that the discovery by three  
other chemists that the substance found  
in Orpet's ash heap was not cyanide of  
potassium at all, but cyanide of so-  
dium, with a faint trace of cyanide  
of potassium. This did not alter the  
fact, however, that the only thing he  
positively "knew" of his own knowl-  
edge was what his own analysis showed,  
namely, a substance containing 49 per  
cent cyanide of potassium.  
The technical point involved was the  
sufficiency of the analysis on which Dr.  
Webster based his important statement  
that the substance was 49 per cent  
cyanide of potassium. He analyzed for  
cyanide and found it. Also he found  
a trace of potassium. He ascertained  
by analysis the quantity of cyanide  
and from that merely calculated the  
amount of potassium. The calculation  
proved wrong, according to testimony of  
three chemists who analyzed yesterday  
for the defense. Dr. Webster did not buy  
for sodium in the substance, but they  
did, and they found it was really cy-  
anide of sodium, with only a trace of  
potassium.

"I had no interest in whether there  
was potassium or sodium; I was anal-  
yzing for cyanide," said the witness.  
"What I testified to as a State's wit-  
ness was what I knew then; what I  
knew then and what I may believe now  
are two different things."

Two Pounds to Kill.  
Answering a hypothetical question in  
which the analysis of the defense chem-  
ists was assumed to be correct, the wit-  
ness said that to get the cyanide of  
potassium which was found in Marion's  
stomach she would have had to have  
taken more than two pounds of the sub-  
stance taken from the Orpet ash heap,  
or to have drunk a two-quart solution  
made of it.

"And how many two-ounce bottles  
would that require?" asked Potter.  
The witness put pencil to paper and  
presently announced, "Thirty-two."  
This bore on the State contention  
that Orpet brought the poison to Mar-  
ion in a two-ounce bottle. No such  
bottle ever was found, nor has there  
been any testimony that Orpet bought  
or had one.

Mrs. Margaret Youker told how she  
had aided in an attempt by State's At-  
torney Dady and his associate, David R.  
Joslyn, to trap Orpet into a confession  
shortly after his arrest.

Attorney Joslyn, she admitted, drafted  
a letter to Orpet. It was copied with  
little change by the State's attorney,  
her name and dispatched it by Mrs.  
Youker to Orpet at the Waukegan jail.  
The letter requested him for the good  
of all concerned, if he were guilty to  
make a clean breast of it. Orpet re-  
plied as follows:  
"Dear Celestia: Your letter is all  
bunk. Whatever Joslyn says is a d—  
lie. I am awfully sorry you fell for it.  
even if your faith is not enough to  
counteract the State's Attorney's story.  
I can still fight it out alone. Good-by.  
then. I am sorry for the trouble this  
has caused you and I'm glad you have  
showed me now. Don't come near here.  
I've got enough to stand without hav-  
ing you dragged into the capers. I  
have told the truth."

# 4 FIRST REGIMENT MEN PROSTRATED BY HEAT AT LAREDO

Temperature Goes to 100, but  
Rain Brings Temporary Re-  
lief, Settles Dust.

By a Staff Correspondent of the Post-  
Dispatch.

LAREDO, Tex., July 8.—The First  
Regiment "rain" that persistently  
has followed the organization during  
preceding encampments, may have  
proved a blessing to the sun-baked  
Laredo district yesterday afternoon. At  
any rate, the first real rain that has  
visited this section in nine months fell  
for three-quarters of an hour.

It was followed by a light shower at  
5 o'clock, and at 7 in the evening the  
ceremony of "retreat" at camp was  
held in a few preliminary sprinkles. Of-  
ficial figures from Fort McIntosh show  
that one-tenth of an inch of rainfall  
was recorded for the afternoon. The  
guardmen welcomed the rain with en-  
thusiasm. They shouted and many ran  
down the main streets garbed in infor-  
mally light attire. Some were in no  
attire at all.

Rain invariably has followed the en-  
campment of the regiment. It rained at  
Nevada after the regiment encamp-  
ed last year at Louisiana, Mo. It not  
only rained, but poured. The rain tem-  
porarily has allayed the ankle deep dust  
at the camp.

Three heat prostrations were reported  
to the hospital corps yesterday morning  
during the daily "rally" in Belle Vista  
heights, about three miles east of the  
camp. None was serious. Yesterday  
afternoon Henry Mann, 5564 Clemens  
avenue, a private in the supply company,  
and Harry Dille of Kansas City, a pri-  
vate in the signal corps, were reported  
heat cases. The maximum temperature  
yesterday was 100 degrees at 3 o'clock.

Dog Attacks Officer.  
During the hike yesterday morning an  
attack on Capt. Fred A. Bottger by a  
Mexican sheep dog as he entered a shack  
on the outskirts of Laredo in search of  
water was forestalled by one of the  
privates in the squad of men accom-  
panying the officer. The private stabbed  
the dog with a bayonet and sprang  
at the officer. Capt. Bottger was unin-  
jured.

Private William Thumore of A Bat-  
tery departed for St. Louis at noon yester-  
day. His two younger sisters were  
drowned, and the men were split  
into squads, with orders to surround  
it. This was the home of Cervantes,  
Villa's successor, who was killed three  
weeks ago. It is a pretentious house  
as houses go in the town. In the old  
days of regulated graft Cervantes had  
been a power in Nampiqua in a more  
or less humane way. He was Tax Col-  
lector, which gave him a degree of  
power second only to that of Governor  
of the State. When the revolutionists  
became active and there were no more  
taxes, Cervantes became a "patriot" and  
joined Villa.

Widow of Cervantes Found.  
A sharp rap at the door went unan-  
swered. The Lieutenant in command of  
the troops and his aid, an American  
scout, bolted over the side fence and  
started for the rear door. Mrs. Cervan-  
tes and her mother stood in the  
kitchen doorway watching a squad of  
troops, who covered them with rifles  
from the irrigation ditch, 25 yards  
away.

"We came to get the two men you  
have here," the American commander  
said to Mrs. Cervantes.  
"There are no men here. You have  
killed the only man I had," the woman  
replied.  
The Americans began a systematic  
search of the house, while the younger  
woman stood by and watched without  
comment. The old woman walked up  
and down the yard constantly fingering  
her prayer beads. As the party was  
about to enter the last room, the old  
woman shrieked and Mrs. Cervantes  
attempted to block the doorway.

"You shall not take them. They have  
done nothing to you," the bandit's wid-  
ow said. She was quickly brushed aside.  
Two little boys—aged 2 and 4—were nes-  
tled together in a roll of blankets on  
the floor.  
"We shall not bother them," the of-  
ficer said, adding, as he turned to his  
men: "We'll have to move quickly if  
we are to do any business this morn-  
ing."

Search Is Kept Up.  
The column trotted a half a mile  
across country to a rambling adobe  
house which was already surrounded by  
a detachment. A great black man, the  
head of the house, assured the troops  
that no bandits were harbored there. A  
girl with a baby in her arms insisted  
that the man who was wanted had not  
died there in many months. It devel-  
oped that the man was the husband of  
the girl and father of the child in her  
arms. She said she had not seen him in  
more than six months. The scout said  
the man had slept there the night be-  
fore and then led the party to a little  
place about two miles across the hills  
from the house, where he was being hunt-  
ed. Huddled in the corner of the kitchen  
was a man of 30 in an American sol-  
dier's coat.

"Come along," said the scout. "We've  
been looking for you for a good while,  
Jose."

A little checking up showed the bandit  
was the brother of the man outside,  
who was wanted also. The two brothers  
were turned over to a sergeant and a  
squad.

Fourth Bandit Captured.  
While this was going on another squad  
captured the fourth bandit. He was a  
youth still in his teens. He wore a pair  
of trousers of American make, which  
are supposed to have been stolen at Co-  
lumbus. His wife, a half grown girl  
with a baby in her arms, protested  
against the capture and bathed the baby  
in tears as her bandit husband was led  
away.

The Mexicans will have an opportu-  
nity to establish their innocence before a  
New Mexican court.

Man Stabbed in Four-Cornered Fight.  
In a fight participated in by four men  
at Fifteenth and Pine streets at 1  
o'clock this morning, Charles Crumley,  
an insurance agent, 28 years old, of 2141  
Washington avenue, was cut on the  
forehead. Joseph Laydon, 20 years old,  
of 821 North Fifteenth street, was ar-  
rested and charged with the cutting.

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## Commercial Interests of St. Louis

### GROUP OF CONDITIONS THAT SUGGESTS LAYING OF LINES FOR ST. LOUIS PROSPERITY

War Cloud Passing, Crops Developing Under  
Favorable Weather, Industry and Commerce  
in Healthy Shape, and Money Abundant,  
Well Distributed and Reasonable.

THE war cloud has passed from over the United States, at least for the time being, and there are those who see in the mammoth offensive taken by the entente allies a rift in that hanging over Europe for nearly two years past.

Grain crops in the United States, large and small, have vastly improved as a result of the dry, warm weather of the past several days, and the cotton crop promises to be the third largest in history.

Industries of the country are in the midst of a season of activity that is exceptional, and authorities in the commercial world find little in the situation at which to complain.

Money is plentiful, well distributed and ample for every need at rates favorable to its employment in legitimate enterprise.

These, in brief, are conditions reflecting advance the past few years, and as a center of it St. Louis has made its full distance with some to spare. In the future, they are supplemented by a volume of foreign trade during the past fiscal year that surpassed anything in the history of the United States, a trade in which every foreign nation except Germany, Austria-Hungary and Belgium are represented.

Part, all showing increase in their exchanges with this country. Trade with Great Britain and her colonies exceeded \$2,000,000,000. Even though much of this vast volume was in the nature of war supplies, the fact is emphasized that there is ability on the part of the belligerent countries to buy, and there is no suspicion in well-informed circles that they will not be able to continue buying when supplies are needed for rehabilitation after the war.

Incidentally, the release of 2000 shell-makers by one of the largest munitions plants in the country suggests a conviction in that quarter that the rush for them is at an end, and that in turn emphasizes belief that the world is likely to be in the enjoyment of peace before the current year ends.

Suggestion to St. Louis. Taking all the symptoms into account, there is strong suggestion that St. Louis, as one of the commanding industrial and commercial centers of the world, get herself into readiness to ride on the topmost wave of the on-rushing prosperity. In every direction there is business to be had, and little of it is going to fall into the lap of any city without effort to obtain it. The greater the effort the larger the return.

Individual industries and commercial concerns are not likely to fall in the endeavor to place their wares wherever there is opportunity to do so, but that does not fill the measure of possible achievement for St. Louis as a whole. It is essential to attract, and to hold the attention of the world from which trade is practicable. If it be possible to focus attention upon this city above all others, the business of focusing it is the thing to do at once. Some day there is going to be a great international exposition, permanent and commanding. Its completion will be a work of years, but it will be worth the effort and the money as an enduring institution the advantage of which will persist only through inefficient direction. There is nowhere a center more perfectly adapted to such an institution than in St. Louis. It is just as essential a time of war to prepare for peace as it is in time of peace to prepare for war.

There are on this page of the Post-Dispatch representatives of the best St. Louis has to offer in the way of aggressive, progressive and successful business interests. They are doing a full share toward broadening the St. Louis business map, and they are interested which may be depended upon to apply some of their business genius and skill to the upbuilding of the city along enduring lines.

A. Home Insurance Co. A St. Louis institution that is setting a fast pace for growth is the Central States Life Insurance Co., the business of which comes mainly from Missouri, Illinois, Kansas, Oklahoma, Nebraska and Colorado, the territory in which its efforts are best known. Its field comprises 10 states, and these are adding new business at the rate of \$800,000 each month. The company now has more than \$21,000,000 of insurance in force, and every month of the current year has shown consistent gain. The business as a whole this year shows an increase of 100 per cent over that of 1915.

The Loyd Order of Moose has had a remarkable record among fraternal orders during the past 10 years, advancing from a membership of 24 in 1906 to 62,000 June 1 last. Lodges have been established from the Atlantic to the Pacific, in Canada and in the Hawaiian Islands. South America, Cuba and lodges are in process of formation in Australia. Its destiny is to belt the globe and teach the value of real education—that of the head, the hand, the whole body, the heart, the soul. Under this principle the student who graduates from Mooseheart is thoroughly equipped to take his place as an efficient and useful citizen of the world. The watchword of the Loyd Order of Moose is "Purity, Aid and Progress," and the motto, "One for all and all for one."

The summer season brings a lull in the business activity of every community. It is a period of rest and recreation between the activities of the preceding and the coming rush of affairs, a provision for the well-being of the workers. It can be turned to excellent account for St. Louis through laying the foundation for future endeavor to start the city on a course that leads to the front and on a basis that will keep it there.

"Higness" a Business Principle. Architectural terra cotta, in all colors, is the specialty of the Winkle Terra Cotta Co., with offices in the Century building. This company's product is a heavy reinforcement of the extensive array of commodities that serves to maintain the prestige of St. Louis as a center of industry that has to do with the important interests of the country. It is likewise an institution that closes each year with a broadened business and a lengthy array of abundantly satisfied clients.

As a distiller and blender of fine whiskey the Parker Distilling Co. has a stable and constantly extending trade. It stamps its highest approval upon the famous American Pride Whiskey of Pekin, Ill., of which it is distributor, as a soft, fragrant and delicious article, without a peer. This is but one of its offerings, and all of them have an established place in the trade.

Electric Industry Center. The electric industry has had remarkable

**James Stewart & Company**  
INCORPORATED  
CONTRACTORS FOR  
Post-Dispatch Building

**Plumbing Contractor**  
FOR THE  
Post - Dispatch  
New Building  
**H. T. KILPATRICK**  
**PLUMBING CO.**  
1214 PINE ST.

**N. O. NELSON**  
**MARBLE WORKS**  
10th & Chestnut Streets

**INTERIOR**  
**MARBLE**

**CROWDER**  
**BROTHERS**  
**AUTOMATIC**  
**SPRINKLING**  
2018 LOCUST STREET  
ST. LOUIS, MO.

**THEODORE HIERTZ**  
**METAL CO.**

**SMELTERS and**  
**REFINERS**  
TYPE METALS, BABBITT &  
ANTI-FRICTION METALS,  
SOLDER, ETC.  
Tennessee Av. & Poepping St.  
St. Louis, U. S. A.

**HERBST MANUFACTURING CO.**  
Bank, Store & Office Fixtures  
of All Kinds  
Let Us Design Your Work  
and Quote You Prices.  
3119-21 California Ave. Sidney 2403.  
ST. LOUIS

**MILLNER ELECTRIC**  
**TYLER & MFG. CO.** Central  
3020 Broadway  
Manufacturers of Electric Heating  
and Refrigerating.  
2320 N. Broadway

**FILING**  
**CABINETS**  
Discontinued  
Patterns at  
Close Out  
Prices  
406 N. Bwy.  
The Globe-Wernicke Co.

"HARD TO BEAT"  
Painting and Enameling  
Hardwood Finishing  
**J. W. O'CONNELL**  
**PAINTING CO.**  
General Offices:  
1011 NORTH BROADWAY  
ST. LOUIS, MO.  
Boston. Cleveland. Omaha.

**PERKINS**  
**TRANSFER CO.**  
TEAMING AND STORAGE  
1437 N. Second St. St. Louis, Mo.

**LAMSON CARRIERS** convey cash, charge slips and merchandise in retail stores, original orders, letters, etc., in wholesale houses, manufacturing plants, banks and offices—boxes, barrels and packages in breweries, warehouses and factories. The new Post-Dispatch Building will be equipped with Lamson Pneumatic Tube, Mechanical Message Service and Light Electric Elevator.  
**THE LAMSON COMPANY**  
J. A. PITT, District Selling Agent, 709 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.  
Phones: Olive 3582—Central 6317.

**PITTSBURGH PLATE**  
**GLASS CO.**  
H. L. BROWN, Local Manager  
**GLASS, PAINTS,**  
**MIRRORS**  
1000 SPRUCE ST.  
ST. LOUIS, MO.

**MONARCH**  
The Last Word in Weather Strips  
Monarch Metal Weather Strip Company  
4121-23 Forest Park St.  
Saint Louis, Missouri  
Lindell 5450 Delmar 408

**FREDERICK C. TAXIS**  
CIVIL ENGINEER CONSULTING ENGINEER  
825-26 VICTORIA BLDG. ST. LOUIS

Olive 1065 Central 3185-2  
**MISSOURI FIRE APPLIANCES CO.**  
720 SOUTH SEVENTH ST.  
**ICE-PROOF FIRE ESCAPES**  
COUNTERBALANCE STAIRS, STANDPIPES,  
WIRE GUARDS, RAILINGS, FENCES,  
FOLDING GATES  
G. H. JOHNSON, Mgr. ST. LOUIS, MO.

**ACME CEMENT PLASTER CO.**  
SUITE 703 FRISCO BUILDING  
ST. LOUIS, MO.

**ELDER MANUFACTURING CO.**  
Capital \$1,350,000.00 13th and Lucas Ave.  
OWNERS OF  
*The Ferguson-McKinnin*  
MAKERS  
Factories and Trade-Marks  
Four St. Louis factories with a daily capacity of 25,000 Men's and Boys' garments.

**FROST-JOHNSON LUMBER CO.**  
Manufacturers of Long and  
Short Leaf Yellow Pine Lumber  
300 Broadway ST. LOUIS, MO.

Bell, Sidney 331  
WAGON WOODSTOCK, ROUGH AND FINISHED, OUR SPECIALTY  
**Henry Quellmalz Lumber & Mfg. Co.**  
MANUFACTURERS OF RED GUM AND HARDWOODS  
2401 SOUTH MAIN STREET  
Saw Mill and Yards: Brookings and Corning, Ark.  
Manufacturing Plant and Yards at St. Louis.

**American Zinc Lead**  
**& Smelting Co.**  
PIERCE BUILDING

**Winkle Terra Cotta Co.**  
Manufacturers of  
ARCHITECTURAL TERRA  
COTTA IN ALL COLORS  
Office: Room 512-513 Century Bldg.  
ST. LOUIS, MO.

**CARTER**  
**CONSTRUCTION**  
**CO.**  
**Railroad Builders**  
GENERAL CONTRACTOR  
FOR MILL CREEK SEWER  
NEW YORK 42 Broadway  
ST. LOUIS  
Railway Exchange Bldg.

**GARAGES**  
STYLISH AND WELL BUILT  
Made of selected lumber. Has  
double-fold trolley-supported doors.  
Erected Fully Complete on  
Your Property in a Few Hours  
Display Room, 213-15 N. Broadway  
**ST. LOUIS SECTIONAL**  
**GARAGE CO.**  
1206 S. Vandeventer Av., St. Louis  
Phone: Grand 2004, Delmar 3201.

**King Bee**  
**Black**  
**Dressing**  
For ladies' and  
children's shoes.  
Excellent quality.  
Price, 1c.  
Our shoes  
and dressings  
are made  
of the best  
materials  
and  
are  
guaranteed  
to  
last.  
**Herriett**  
**Shoe Polish**  
**Co.**  
ST. LOUIS, MO.

**ST. LOUIS IS PROSPEROUS**  
**GROWING**



**GAS**  
is an efficient  
**INDUSTRIAL FUEL**  
Our experts will explain why  
TELEPHONE US  
**THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT CO.**  
ELEVENTH AND OLIVE STS.  
MAIN 4800 CENTRAL 3800  
Your Gas bill carries a coupon of  
value—read it.

SEE  
**CUPPLES STATION LIGHT, HEAT**  
**AND POWER COMPANY**  
FOR CHEAPEST AND BEST  
**ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER SERVICE**  
IN ST. LOUIS  
Offices: 750 Railway Exchange Bldg.  
Phones: Bell, Olive 522; Kinloch, 1870

**SOUTHERN SURETY COMPANY**  
New National Bank Co. Bldg.,  
St. Louis—Main 2070  
Admitted Assets, \$1,405,902.52  
Surety Bonds, Automobile  
and Casualty Insurance

**BABBITT SHEET LEAD**  
**SOLDER DIE CASTINGS**  
**TYPE METALS**  
**Hoyt Metal Company**  
ST. LOUIS NEW YORK

**Central States Life Insurance Company**  
ST. LOUIS, MO.  
Insurance in force, \$21,000,000.00  
Assets, \$1,800,000.00 Made in St. Louis.  
JAMES A. McVOY, Vice-President and Gen. Manager.

**THE ST. LOUIS**  
**COPPER BEARING COPPER COATED**  
**STEEL CASKETS**  
ABOUT THE SAME PRICE AS WOOD  
THE EVOLUTION OF THE CASKET INDUSTRY

**OUR BUSINESS IS PUMPS**  
Gas and Oil Engines, Power Equipment.  
Our Motto is: "NIL NISI BONUM" (Nothing  
Unless Good)  
**Farrar Pump & Machinery Co.**  
Hooker Steam Pump Works,  
518 Granite Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.  
Phone: Main 1555, Central 1123.

**WHITE PASTE CO.**  
2320 Chestnut St.  
Improved Flour Paste  
Superior Dry Paste  
BOTH PHONES.

TELEPHONES:  
Forest 2802 Forest 2804  
Forest 2803 Delmar 2574  
**ZELLER BROS.**  
**CATERING CO.**  
4701-4703 McPherson Av.  
Weddings, Receptions and Ban-  
quets furnished with every re-  
quisite. Ice Cream and Fruit Ices  
a specialty.

**PARKER**  
**DISTILLING CO.**  
Distillers and Blenders of  
Fine Whiskies  
ST. LOUIS, MO., U. S. A.  
Distributors of the Famous Ameri-  
can Pride Whiskey of Pekin, Ill.;  
soft, fragrant and delicious, with-  
out a peer; America's leading  
whiskey.

**PIPE FOR ALL**  
**PURPOSES**  
Gas, steam, oil and water pipe re-  
sired, with couplings, or threaded,  
ready for use.  
**Jos. Greenspon's Sons'**  
**Iron & Steel Co.**  
Tyler 226 St. 45 Branch St. Cen. 2503

**LA REGINA**  
**SPAGHETTI**  
Vittorio Spaghetto  
Quality  
Quantity

**TIP**  
**EXTRA-DRY**  
Bubbly and tastes like  
**CHAMPAGNE**  
See that the name TIP  
Top Bottling Co. appears  
on cap of bottle.

**600,000 MEN**  
JOINED THE  
**LOYAL ORDER**  
**OF MOOSE**  
—in the past five years. The  
world's greatest fraternal and so-  
cial organization. For further in-  
formation apply to  
**W. E. PROVOL**, National Director,  
Moose Club, Grand Av. and Pine St.

**ST. LOUIS!**  
**THE GREATEST**  
**FUR MARKET IN**  
**THE WORLD**

When Laclede and his men established their rude fur trading post on the present site of the city of St. Louis they little dreamed that they were laying the foundation of a mighty city, and that St. Louis would one day become the world's greatest raw fur market. However, this is a fact—and today fur buyers from the four corners of the globe come to St. Louis to attend the fur sales held by Funsten Bros. & Co., and St. Louis is now the largest raw fur market in the world.

Funsten Bros. & Co., founded in 1881, have grown until now many millions of dollars' worth of furs from all over the world pass through their hands. For many years the United States Government sent all the Alaska seal skins to London for disposal, but now London and Paris, Berlin, Vienna, Petrograd and Rome come to St. Louis to buy their share of Uncle Sam's annual seal catch—because Funsten Bros. & Co. have transferred from London to St. Louis the only successful seal skin dressing and dyeing industry, and the Government has found out that it can dispose of its seals and other furs in the St. Louis market to better net advantage than it was possible to obtain formerly in the London market. Of all the six auction sales held throughout the world, the St. Louis March public auction sale held in St. Louis during the week of March 20th was the largest and produced the best results to shippers on the whole.

St. Louis is the largest primary fur market in the world.

**SHEPARD'S**  
**BAKING POWDER**  
MADE IN ST. LOUIS  
CONTAINS NO ALUM

**McElroy - Sloan**  
Shoe Company  
ST. LOUIS MOST PROGRESSIVE  
SHOE HOUSE  
Makers of Mastercraft Shoes.  
They Create a Habit.

**NICHOLSON**  
GROCER CO.  
Prompt Deliveries Everywhere  
Established 73 Years  
"1843"

Gottlieb Eyermann, Jr., President. J. S. Carr, Cashier.  
**CHIPPEWA BANK OF ST. LOUIS**  
2801 SOUTH BROADWAY  
CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND PROFITS,  
\$100,000  
4% Paid on Time Deposits.

Incorporated 1901.  
**MONSANTO CHEMICAL WORKS**  
Manufacturers of  
Fine and Medicinal Chemicals  
Office: 1800 South Second St.  
Works: South Second and De Kalb Sts.  
Lafayette and Geyer Aves.  
SAINT LOUIS

**DRAINAGE SYSTEM**  
of Wayne County Drainage District No.  
2, Wayne County, North Carolina,  
being constructed by  
**A. V. WILLS & SONS**  
519 Boatmen's Bank Bldg.,  
St. Louis, Mo.

**LA REGINA**  
**SPAGHETTI**  
Vittorio Spaghetto  
Quality  
Quantity

St. Louis is  
No Bigger Than  
**YOU**  
Are No Bigger  
Than St. Louis  
**LET'S GROW BIGGER**  
**HUGHES PRINTING COMPANY**

**FOR**  
**THE**  
**INDUSTRY**  
**OF**  
**ST. LOUIS**















White... THE POST-DISPATCH... 15¢ 4-880-055... MIAMI PLAY... LINDAUER... to represent the Miami... section in the struggle... to be decided on the court... A club in Forest Park... when Ichihya Kuma... chiroshi Mikami of the... Tennis Club, Japan... Lindauer of Chicago... and Jack Cannon of the... City Field Club in the... play of the sectional... which has been in... Monday... which will be the only... will bring to a close... to the tennis that local... been enjoyed in many... been arranged that the... the Central States single... be played today, but... of the doubles players... to the match... over until tomorrow, K... with the present C... ampion, Roland Hoer... the Central States double... to meet Gaudier and V... the semi-finals match... ayed tomorrow afternoon... on Monday... to Win... t to the Original stars de...ponents of this afternoon... ago, and then with fav... taken decided favor... the Chicago-Kansas City... inated in a third round... tive game of 6-3, 6-3... However, it is again... to the Japanese and... they have proven their... to the court to perfection... shown no inability to re... at smashes and drives... seen said of the worth... to insure respect for... that they have won a... match in which they have... one to the fact that they... one in the tourney as a... good tennis player and... very brilliant. However... are seldom of more than... times duration and then... if Lindauer plays well... today and does not... his tendency, the... will have the best... week on their hands... Erratic... had a wonderful tennis... played well all week... at he dropped straight... yesterday shows that... is the deciding factor on... match is up to Lindauer... in eliminating him is double... Jack Cannon is a little... the net today, than he... splendid match should... in the tourney yes... coming tonight. Hoer... Hoer had not been in... few picked him... third round competition... would have been to... the standard... played into the local... machine at him. Hoer... to the net and on... it was "red night"... in the afternoon, the... defeated Paul Dar... three out of four... es Kurnage... en defeated by Kuma... en said that he had... match than he had... "The game that I... usually carried me... that States tonight... But," he continued... der to score on the... Johnston, and a few... is a flash and covers... ated in his match, but... it would be an in... at Kurnage did not... himself to win. A large... were deceived, and... 50 to 75 would hardly... "dub" class. The... that little advantage... m to push over the... veteran showed his... in the semi-final... a first two sets to... and his power... led out and steamed... with the three... ally, Lindauer was... who kept up the... well combination... defeated Kurnage... and Monnet and... it seemed most... match well in their... a just a little practice... es Lose... of O'Fallon Park... of Jones and Hoer... narrow-mouthed when... conquered by Arthur... toward Gaudier... out brilliantly... while Gaudier... all of which is hand... good gallery out yester... plenty of interest... that perfectly good...

# THE POST-DISPATCH'S DAILY MARKET REPORTS AND FINANCE

## New York Stock Quotations.

Reported daily for the Post-Dispatch by G. R. Walker & Co., 207 North Fourth st., New York, July 8, 1916.

STOCKS.	Sales	Open	High	Low	Close
Alaska Gold	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Sugar	2,500	100	100	100	100
Am. Can. Co.	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Express	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Ice	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Lumber	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Oil	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Telephone	100	100	100	100	100
Am. T. & O.	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Copper	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Lead	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Zinc	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Steel	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Iron	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Coal	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Gas	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Electric	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Water	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Paper	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Textile	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Chemical	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Pharmaceutical	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Food	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Beverage	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Tobacco	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Entertainment	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Transportation	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Communication	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Finance	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Insurance	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Real Estate	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Public Works	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Utilities	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Miscellaneous	100	100	100	100	100

## IS ACTIVE ON THE LOCAL EXCHANGE

165 Shares Change Hands at \$106.50 or Steady Figures; Bonds in Demand.

STOCKS.	Sales	Open	High	Low	Close
Alaska Gold	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Sugar	2,500	100	100	100	100
Am. Can. Co.	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Express	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Ice	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Lumber	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Oil	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Telephone	100	100	100	100	100
Am. T. & O.	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Copper	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Lead	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Zinc	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Steel	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Iron	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Coal	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Gas	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Electric	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Water	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Paper	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Textile	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Chemical	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Pharmaceutical	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Food	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Beverage	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Tobacco	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Entertainment	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Transportation	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Communication	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Finance	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Insurance	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Real Estate	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Public Works	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Utilities	100	100	100	100	100
Am. Miscellaneous	100	100	100	100	100

## POULTRY MARKET IS STEADY; BUTTER AND EGGS UNCHANGED

Butter—Values about steady. Fair movement of high scoring eggs for local demand. Eggs—Values about steady. Fair movement of high scoring eggs for local demand.

POULTRY.	Today	Week Ago	Year Ago
Cattle	100	100	100
Hogs	100	100	100
Sheep	100	100	100
Poultry	100	100	100
Butter	100	100	100
Eggs	100	100	100
Wheat	100	100	100
Corn	100	100	100
Oats	100	100	100
Barley	100	100	100
Rye	100	100	100
Millet	100	100	100
Sorghum	100	100	100
Buckwheat	100	100	100
Flax	100	100	100
Cotton	100	100	100
Wool	100	100	100
Iron	100	100	100
Steel	100	100	100
Copper	100	100	100
Lead	100	100	100
Zinc	100	100	100
Nickel	100	100	100
Aluminum	100	100	100
Gold	100	100	100
Silver	100	100	100
Platinum	100	100	100
Palladium	100	100	100
Iridium	100	100	100
Osmium	100	100	100
Antimony	100	100	100
Mercury	100	100	100
Vanadium	100	100	100
Chromium	100	100	100
Manganese	100	100	100
Iron	100	100	100
Cobalt	100	100	100
Nickel	100	100	100
Copper	100	100	100
Zinc	100	100	100
Aluminum	100	100	100
Silicon	100	100	100
Carbon	100	100	100
Nitrogen	100	100	100
Oxygen	100	100	100
Hydrogen	100	100	100
Helium	100	100	100
Neon	100	100	100
Argon	100	100	100
Krypton	100	100	100
Xenon	100	100	100
Radon	100	100	100
Actinium	100	100	100
Thorium	100	100	100
Uranium	100	100	100
Plutonium	100	100	100
Neptunium	100	100	100
Protactinium	100	100	100
Polonium	100	100	100
Astatine	100	100	100
Francium	100	100	100
Radium	100	100	100
Actinide	100	100	100
Lanthanide	100	100	100
Scandium	100	100	100
Yttrium	100	100	100
Europium	100	100	100
Gadolinium	100	100	100
Terbium	100	100	100
Dysprosium	100	100	100
Ytterbium	100	100	100
Lutetium	100	100	100
Hafnium	100	100	100
Tantalum	100	100	100
Niobium	100	100	100
Vanadium	100	100	100
Chromium	100	100	100
Manganese	100	100	100
Iron	100	100	100
Cobalt	100	100	100
Nickel	100	100	100
Copper	100	100	100
Zinc	100	100	100
Aluminum	100	100	100
Silicon	100	100	100
Carbon	100	100	100
Nitrogen	100	100	100
Oxygen	100	100	100
Hydrogen	100	100	100
Helium	100	100	100
Neon	100	100	100
Argon	100	100	100
Krypton	100	100	100
Xenon	100	100	100
Radon	100	100	100
Actinium	100	100	100
Thorium	100	100	100
Uranium	100	100	100
Plutonium	100	100	100
Neptunium	100	100	100
Protactinium	100	100	100
Polonium	100	100	100
Astatine	100	100	100
Francium	100	100	100
Radium	100	100	100
Actinide	100	100	100
Lanthanide	100	100	100
Scandium	100	100	100
Yttrium	100	100	100
Europium	100	100	100
Gadolinium	100	100	100
Terbium	100	100	100
Dysprosium	100	100	100
Ytterbium	100	100	100
Lutetium	100	100	100
Hafnium	100	100	100
Tantalum	100	100	100
Niobium	100	100	100
Vanadium	100	100	100
Chromium	100	100	100
Manganese	100	100	100
Iron	100	100	100
Cobalt	100	100	100
Nickel	100	100	100
Copper	100	100	100
Zinc	100	100	100
Aluminum	100	100	100
Silicon	100	100	100
Carbon	100	100	100
Nitrogen	100	100	100
Oxygen	100	100	100
Hydrogen	100	100	100
Helium	100	100	100
Neon	100	100	100
Argon	100	100	100
Krypton	100	100	100
Xenon	100	100	100
Radon	100	100	100
Actinium	100	100	100
Thorium	100	100	100
Uranium	100	100	100
Plutonium	100	100	100
Neptunium	100	100	100
Protactinium	100	100	100
Polonium	100	100	100
Astatine	100	100	100
Francium	100	100	100
Radium	100	100	100
Actinide	100	100	100
Lanthanide	100	100	100
Scandium	100	100	100
Yttrium	100	100	100
Europium	100	100	100
Gadolinium	100	100	100
Terbium	100	100	100
Dysprosium	100	100	100
Ytterbium	100	100	100
Lutetium	100	100	100
Hafnium	100	100	100
Tantalum	100	100	100
Niobium	100	100	100
Vanadium	100	100	100
Chromium	100	100	100
Manganese	100	100	100
Iron	100	100	100
Cobalt	100	100	100
Nickel	100	100	100
Copper	100	100	100
Zinc	100	100	100
Aluminum	100	100	100
Silicon	100	100	100
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selection of any used car, we have  
pay you to call and inspect these  
these have self-starters and are  
ed.  
Ford runabout, new paint ....  
Molina, with Continental motor,  
is painted .....  
cushioner "20" with coupe

Dorris touring car in running condition.  
Regal, 8-passenger, new paint.  
Vlanders "20," with truck body;  
paint any color desired.  
Studebaker, 1916, "six" demonstrator.  
Studebaker "30," 1911 model; also  
lights.

Studebaker, 1913, "six," new pair  
Studebaker, 1915, "four," .....  
Studebaker, 1915, "four," new pair  
Studebaker, 1914, "six," new pair  
Hupp "20" coupe .....  
These prices are very low and for  
inspection. Easy terms.

Central 3635; Hornum 41.  
**ACCESSORIES, PARTS.**  
**AUTO ACCESSORIES**—For sale.  
bank vault, steel, weight 6 tons.  
marine autos, price \$1 an hour.

**TIRES**—For sale; absolutely guaranteed tires; all sizes; now being changed; from \$3 to \$8 each; 100 hundred such tires; also large 14 steamship tires; all sizes; well-verified brands; mail orders solicited.

**BICYCLES AND MOTOR**  
**MOTOR CYCLE**—For sale; cheap;  
excellent; good condition. A—  
See me on Sunday 4424 Grand

**BOATS AND LAUNCH**  
**LAUNCH**—For sale; semi-speed 3 about; auto control; Mullins etc. p. Ferro engine under fore decks inlaid maple and mahoe

**MOTOR BOAT**—Will be sold as can be seen and tried, foot of O Jaxon.

**HOWBOAT MOTOR**—Slightly used, but in perfect condition, just as good as new. Cheap; absolutely guaranteed. Post-Dispatch.

**HOUSEHOLD GOODS W**  
BEDS Wtd.—Pianos, furniture, and contents of flats, residences: moving; quick; for Texas shipments prices. See us before selling. Moving Co. 926 S. Vandeventer, D.

**CARPETS**—Furniture, contents of large or small lots; eat our selling. Call Forest 6025 or Dennis Bros.

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**CARPETS Wtd.**—Furniture, contents of dwellings, large or small lots; eat our selling. Schaefer 4455, Lane 7025.

**CARPETS** Wtd.—Furniture of all  
buy entire contents of houses or  
or small lots. Levy-Ott, 815  
Olive 1772, Central 462.

**FEATHERS**—20,000 pounds of  
new 30-45c old ones and 60-80c

FEATHER BEDS Wid.—AA1. I  
highest prices for old and new  
delivery machines will call imme-  
low Mfg. Co. 1204-06 High-  
RA14L. Olive 4161.

**FURNITURE** Wid.—Best cash  
tents flats, residences, large,  
2618 Franklin. Belmont Central B  
**FURNITURE** Wid.—Badi; spot  
tents flats, dwellings; get our  
selling. Orcutt Storage Co., 41  
Forest 2648, Delmar 664.

**FURNITURE Wtd.**—And household exchange for moving; expert storage; auto trucks for moving parties. Phone Bell Grand 17. Victor 965. Robinson Storage Co.

**STOECKER & PRICE Storage**  
Co., 1925 Franklin, buys all  
hold goods, stocks of merchand  
ises. Belmont 22, Central 137.

**FOR SALE**  
HARNESS—For sale: single  
horses and wagon; express, col  
wagon; must sell cheap. 4012 S

**HORSES**—For sale, 8, and 11 and small; \$20 up; guaranteed time. 2410 N. Taylor.

**HORSE**—For sale, a perfect 5-y. Call Sunday between 2 and 4 p.m. 8015; 3441 N. 9th.

**HORSES**—For sale; wagons and-

**MARE**—For sale; beautiful, 8 year  
pacer; stand examination; \$75.  
change for automobile. 2413 N.  
Phone Tyler 2429.

**WAGONS**—For sale; closed delivery; apply at residence, 185  
**WAGONS**—For sale, heavy steel  
lumber wagon; cheap. Apply  
Chester.  
**WORK HORSES**—For sale: a

have bought auto truck. F. D.  
Packing and Moving Co., 172  
Morgan.

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**BOOKS AND PERIOD**

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**BOOKS**—All kinds, bought and

send address to Mills' Book  
Chestnut st.

**CLOTHING**

CLOTHING—5000 suits. over  
Oklahoma; pay \$4 to \$15; la.

**CLOTHING Wtd.**—Pay highest  
Nassensfeld, 3314 Olive; Born  
call at store.

**CASH-OFF** suits, overcoats, wa-  
sold and exchanged. See Ya  
Market st.

**DRESSES**—For sale; girls' sum-  
Victor 26691.

I AM buying clothing articles  
description; shipment Europe  
Missouri Clothing Store, 623 E  
trial 4022L; Olive 1408; auto  
We buy and sell men's suits  
overcoats. 711 N. 6th st., 2d  
4049; Green's.

**GOLD AND SILV**  
BEST cash price old gold, silver  
H. Miller, 3 N. Broadway.  
Central 8275, Olive 1248.

**DIAMONDS**—For old gold and  
Bros. & Co., National Credit  
floor, 303 N. 6th st. Open even-  
**GOLD AND SILVER** Wtd.—Old  
ready cash. Rothman Jewe-  
Navarre Bldg., 6th and Chest-  
64TH. or call.

**PATENTS**  
F. J. LARSON, patent attorney  
Golden Gate, 214 Westminster

**POULTRY AND BIRDS**  
CHICKENS—For sale, and due  
9144 Carlsbad av.  
**STOCK AND OFFICE**

**GAS AND ELECTRIC R**  
**SPOT CASH** for your restaurant  
 cash registers Moore, 815  
 Central 5066L Olive 604.  
**TYPEWRITER**

**SAVE your head; try our add**  
\$1.60 and up. Corona T.  
**Adding Machine Co., 304 N.**  
**TYPEWRITERS**—Selling all up-  
line; repairs, rentals. Uno  
Exchange, 111 N. 9th st.

**TYPEWRITERS**—For sale, w.  
derwood and Smith Premier;  
Corona Typewriter and Adding  
204 N. 7th st.  
**TYPEWRITERS**—For sale, 1  
Underwood, \$35 cash, \$45  
ments; others, \$15 rentals.

upward. St. Louis Typewriter  
111 N. 10th st.; Main 1102.  
TYPEWRITERS—For sale; 50  
\$10; Smith 418, Remington 4  
Underwood 428; rentals 1 month.  
St. Louis Typewriter Exchange  
St. Main 1102, Central 4200.

**TO EXCHANGE**  
**AUTO Wtd.**—Exchange controls  
 downtown show for new auto  
**E-170 Post-Dispatch.**  
**FAN Wtd.**—Exchange d. c.  
 listing fan fan fan fan fan

Document 1985.

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THESE POEMS ARE SILLY, BUT THEY MAY HELP YOU WIN A HOME—BY GOLDBERG.

HERE may be no such word as "fail," still it's a dead waste of time to look for the trouble in a bass drum.

## If They Told the Truth

JUST received your dinky little present. Pity you thought it was necessary to give me anything, but consulting to think your reputation for general meanness remains unchallenged. At the family dinner party, by the host, looking around: "Well, I have never realized before what a motley lot of relatives I have. My wife and I have been dreading this dinner for weeks, but now that it is almost over I'm beginning to feel positively cheerful. Here's to you. May we never meet again!"—Life.

## Facts Not Worth Knowing

BY making bottles without any bottoms in 'em it is calculated that there would be a saving of 20 per cent in material.

Whether through sympathy or habit, it is a well known fact that if the crystal of a watch is cracked on one side the other side cracks too.

By setting your alarm clock properly it will wake you up an hour ahead of time, thus warning you that you have only another hour to sleep.

Water can be prevented from running over the top of a bathtub by keeping the bathtub upside down.

The owner of a cycle car who gets run over by a pedestrian has no legal method of obtaining redress.

LOVE's so-called blindness is mostly nearsightedness.

## Of Course Not!

A SOMEWHAT befuddled individual, who had evidently been lunching a trifle too freely, climbed on board the car with difficulty.

"What's the matter?" he asked, mildly, as he observed the conductor's impatience. "Ain't this car the one I want?"

"How do I know whether it is or not?" growled the conductor. "Oh, you must have known it, or you wouldn't have stopped to let me catch it," said the befuddled one.

## Telling Him.

HE was one of those young men who never seem to know when to go home. She had tried yawning, but even that failed to get rid of him.

Presently a clock outside the hall began to strike in low, deep tones the midnight hour.

"Oh, I say, Miss Green," said the late stayer, brightly, "is that an eight-day clock?"

Miss Green smiled coldly at him. "Well," she said, stifling another yawn, "why don't you stay a little longer and find out?"

THE life of a Z on a typewriter is much longer in Dublin than Petrograd.

Treatment All Laid Out. An Irish quack doctor was being examined at an inquest upon the treatment of a patient who had been in his care.

"I gave him ipsecouanha," he said. "You might just as well have given him the aurora borealis," replied the Coroner.

"Indeed, Yer Honor, an' that's just what O'd have given him next, if he hadn't unfortunately died."—Boston Transcript.

## Poor Job.

IT was a baseball game in the middle of the street—against the law. There was a rush, a scramble and the policeman had captured a small boy who looked much the worse for wear.

"Now," said the policeman, who wasn't at all a bad sort, "which shall it be—a licking or a summons?"

"Gimme the licking, oyster," came the tearful response. "Oma more, won't make much difference. I was the umpire!"

## Easy.

DID that book agent succeed in inveigling you into buying a set of Shakespeare's works?"

"No."

"How did you get rid of him so easily?"

"I simply showed him the last dun I received for a set of books I bought on the instalment plan two years ago."

## Handicapped.

I'D had my life to live over again I'd be a college professor. Just think of having three months' vacation every year! Pretty soft, I call it.

"Sounds good, don't it? But you forget that their salaries are so small that all they've got to spend is the vacation!"

## Sociological.

Mrs. Scadda interested in the welfare of the employees in her husband's factories?

"Very much so. She says she'll do anything in the world to improve their condition, so long as it does not affect the profits."

## Probably So.

IT'S a funny thing," said the Boss. "The commuters in this office get down to work earlier in the morning than you chaps who live right here in the city."

"Maybe they're gladder to leave their homes than we are," retorted the office wag.

## The Same Way.

IT was an awkward question for a doctor to put to a soldier.

"Colonel," he said, "how do you feel when you kill anybody?"

"Oh, pretty well," said the Colonel. "How do you?"

THE NIGHTINGALE SINGS SWEET AND LOW,  
MY TAILOR'S MIDDLE NAME IS MOE;  
O, BUMBLE BEE, WHERE IS THY STING?  
THE FRONT DOOR-BELL GOES TING-A-LING,  
ALL NATURE VIBRATES TO THE THRILL.  
I'LL MEET MYSELF DOWN BY THE MILL.



A GENTLE SIGH, THEN ALL IS STILL,  
MY NAME IS JOE, SO CALL ME PHIL;  
AH, LIFE IS LIKE A SOUP TUREEN,  
YET, NO ONE KNOWS JUST WHAT  
I MEAN:  
THE FRAGRANCE OF THE CRIMSON  
ROSE  
HITS YOU AND ME RIGHT IN  
THE NOSE.



N.B.—IT IS CUSTOMARY FOR YOUNG MEN IN LOVE TO QUOTE POETRY TO THEIR SWEETHEARTS—KEEPING IN MIND THE FOOLISHNESS OF THE LOVE ATMOSPHERE AND THE MEANINGLESSNESS OF MOST OF THE POETRY, WE DO NOT HESITATE TO RECOMMEND THESE POEMS TO THE LOVELORN.

A LOOK, A TOUCH, A  
WORD, A SMACK,  
A ROSE, A HAND, A  
FOOT, A TACK,  
A FROG, A CLOUD, A  
DOG, A BOAT,  
A LAKE, A HOUSE, A  
TREE, A GOAT,  
A NUT, A HORSE, A  
LIP, A KISS—  
THERE'S NOT A BIT  
OF SENSE TO THIS.



ROLL ON, O GREAT AND  
MIGHTY WAVE,  
SAY, DEARIE, DO I NEED A  
SHAVE?  
UPON THE SANDS I WRITE  
THY NAME;  
IF YOU INSIST, I'LL TAKE THE  
SAME.  
BUT, EAST IS EAST AND WEST  
IS WEST,  
IT'S MUCH TOO WARM TO  
WEAR A VEST.

Copyright, 1916, by R. L. Goldberg.

## I NEVER THOUGHT OF THAT

I'D LIKE  
TO KISS  
HER BUT—

HER  
MOTHER IS  
LOOKING  
RIGHT SQUARE  
AT US

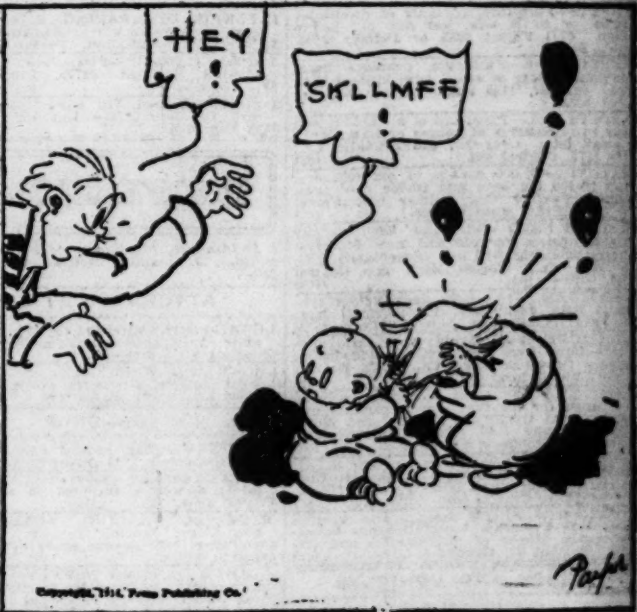
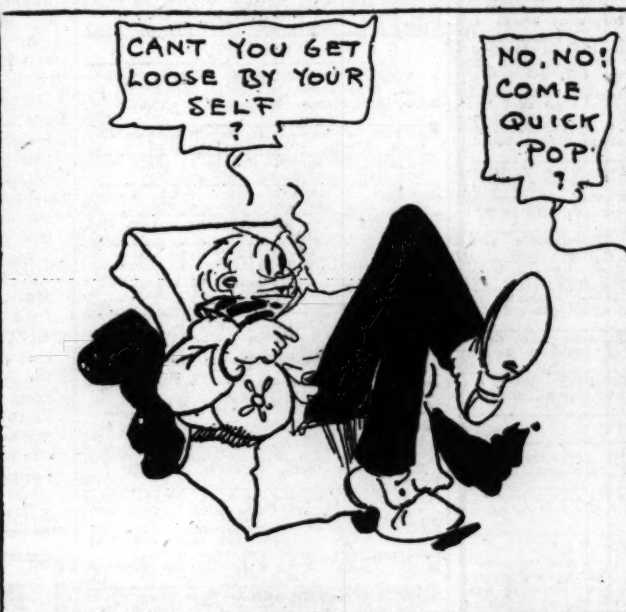
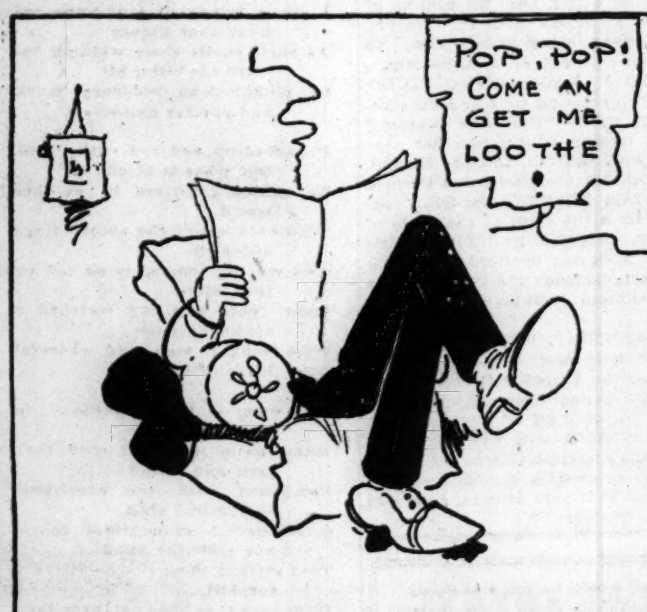


MY MOTHER  
IS NEAR-  
SIGHTED

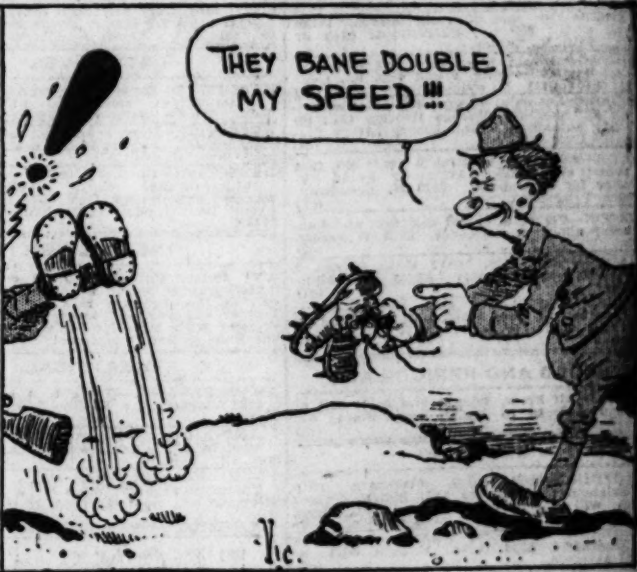
I NEVER  
THOUGHT OF  
THAT



S'MATTER POP—A BABY MAY HAVE NO MENTAL GRASP, BUT—!—BY C. M. PAYNE.



FLOOEY AND AXEL—AND AXEL MAY SET A NEW MARK FOR MARATHON RUNNERS!—BY VIC.



## Irresistible Features.



Summer Hotel Proprietor: Gad! We never had many men guests before. D'you suppose it was my advertisement of fine air that brought 'em?

Partner: No; my advertisement of fine heiresses.

Some one says that money will not buy everything. But it will buy anything that is for sale.

Some persons keep themselves in debt by spending the money that they hope to save.

## LUCILE THE WAITRESS

"A IN'T it awful, friend, when people persist in remarking about your physical appearance and telling you ought to do this and that to get different?" asked Lucile, the waitress, of the friendly customer, as he took a seat at the lunch counter.

"What's up now?" he asked. "Oh, nothing to make anybody jump any fences or nothing like that, but a man comes in here this morning with that proboscis habit of making personal remarks. He elevates his anatomical being onto a stool and, when I arrive for his edible wishes he gives me the once over and says supercilious-like, 'Why don't you diet a little?'"

"Now, you know and I know, that it wasn't exactly a tete-a-tete question, coming from a man as unknown to you as Jonah and his ark, but I didn't get any too mad. I just take a tall-holt onto my temper and even slip him a smile. 'Yes?' I says, with a pleasing rising inflection of the voice. 'Why dost spill such dope to the little lady in white?'"

"You see, kid, you never can tell. Some of those fresh guys are good to their folks, and often will stretch the family sediment to cover over a tip for the pleasing little person with the pistol. But this one says to me, frank-like: 'You're too fat.'"

"Now, listen; they ain't anybody going to elect himself censor of my aversupent weight at all—get me? I am the master of my weight, and so when this guy gets point-blank rough I give him one look."

"I'm too fat, and you're worrying yourself to death about it. I suppose. Now, if I don't get thin you will die of worry, eh? Is that it? I ask."

"Say, kid, he gets would-be humorous and tries to make me appear foolish. I merely was saying, he says, 'that you got too much fat. Now, if I was you, I'd take more exercise.'"

"I say my chance, kid. 'More exercise would do you some good, too,' I says. 'A little walk out of here and down the street might add to your constitution and make you a bit snappy in the so-called brain. How about it, Jasper?'"

"You're a talkative young person, ain't you?" he says. "All I was going to tell you was that you'd be prettier if you was thin. Now I got some anti-fat at home I might slip you. How 'bout it? What's the next move?'"

"It's your anti," I says. You see, it was a joke. I just couldn't resist handing it to him, because he was taking charge of my fatness and frivolity without being invited no more than nothing."

"Good joke!" he says. Then he begins to honey up. "Listen, girly," he says, "what kind of a chance have I got with you?"

"Say, I feel the fun fever coming over me again. 'What kind of chance?' I repeat. 'You must have a fat chance.'"

"Honestly, kid, it did the work. He shut up like a Dutchman at an Irish picnic and pretty soon he leaves. Just before he goes he drops a card by his plate. It's the advertisement of a beauty parlor where they administrate anti-fat onto one. Funny, eh?"

"Well, I should say so," replied the friendly customer. "You wouldn't take anti-fat, would you?"

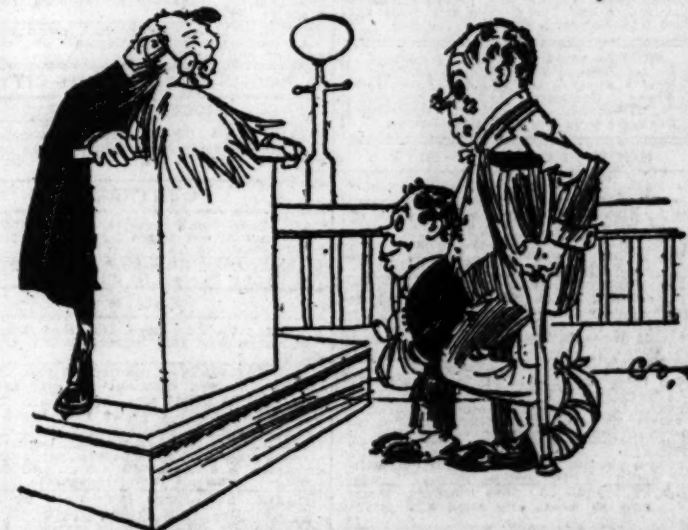
"I should say not!" replied Lucile. "But what you going to eat? Hurry up—I got to get away at 3."

"Why?"

"Oh, I've got to take Lily, the tow-head, up to that anti-fat place. I think she's too plump. And you know me! I always want to help my friends."

When the wife cautions hubby to bring home a bottle of "hat bleach" these days he knows instinctively that his last summer "kelly" is to see active service again.

## Not Guilty.



Judge: I fine you ten dollars each. You may argue about war all you want, but you mustn't fight. Victim (with black eye): We weren't arguing war, your honor. We were arguing about how peace is going to be declared.

## Inconsistent, Somehow.

THORNTON: There's one thing I can't understand. Rosemary: What's that? Thornton: Why the waves lash the beach when they hug the shore.

## Couldn't Help It.

DOCTOR: My brother stepped in a hole and wrenched his knee, and now he limps. What would you do in a case like that? "I'm afraid I should limp, too!"

## Major and Minor Defeats.

KNICKER: A defeat is when the enemy drives you back home. Outlate: Or else when you don't dare to go home.—The Sun.

## Glad He Isn't.

YOU are not the man you were when I married you," said the wife. "I sincerely hope I'm not," returned hubby. "I hope I'll never again be as big a fool as I was then."

## Too Long.

EDITH: Haven't you and Jack been engaged long enough to get married? Ethel: Too long! He hasn't got a cent left.—Boston Transcript.

## Hits From Sharp Wits

A SECRET is like canned goods: It won't keep after it is opened.—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

All street orators are self-starters. It's a waste of time to listen to an uninteresting liar.

Even a man with a limited vocabulary can use many words to say nothing.

It's all a mistake about women not being able to take a joke. Just lamp some of the things they marry.

When a man has been married a few years he realizes that the best he is to apologize humbly to her, whether he did it or not.

Another kind of preparedness is that of being ready to laugh the moment the boss has reached the climax of his funny story.—Toledo Blade.

If there is company for dinner, Mother says, "Pass the cream, please, only to have little son later ask, 'There any milk in the pitcher?'"

Another pathetic little thing about human nature is the way a man who has a bad cold always wants to tell you about it at great length.—Columbus State.

ASK FOR AND GET HORLICK'S THE ORIGINAL MALTED MILK Cheap substitutes cost YOU more!

Of course, man isn't vain; but he will juggle with a new pair of gloves an hour before admitting they are too small for him.

SOCIAL DRA

VOL. 68. NO. 32

Wu Ting

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Why Caution

The Dust of Ages  
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Smothers New  
His Reform Pl

(Dr. Wu Ting-Fang, former Minister of Foreign Affairs, Sun Yat-sen, revisor of the Code, retired revolutionist. Dr. Wu lives in the most exclusive residential portion of the French concession, in a white mansion of approved American type, surrounded by wide lawns and a high wrought-iron fence.)

WITH the news from an appropriate introduction for a interview, we drove up to the Dr. Wu Ting-Fang, former Minister to the United States, Minister of Foreign Affairs, Sun Yat-sen, revisor of the Code, retired revolutionist. Dr. Wu lives in the most exclusive residential portion of the French concession, in a white mansion of approved American type, surrounded by wide lawns and a high wrought-iron fence.

The Chinese servant smiled and bowed us into a reception room with soft tan rugs and black carved cabinets and chairs, and on the walls scrolls of poems and mottoes, the black Chinese letters strikingly against the gold background.

Dr. Wu, in Chinese dressing magenta shade of silk and a little skull cap, came. He had been expecting all sat down on little blue around a small square table.

"Tell me," he said, "your English, leaning forward, his hands clasped on his head cocked on one long have you been in China are you staying? When turning to America?"

It started off like a colloquy, but before we could the doorbell rang and the brought in a card over which puzzled for a minute.

"You don't mind if I be here," he apologized. "America, too—Cincinnati."

The Visitor From Cincinnati. HE gentleman from Cincinnati swept in like a king. He slipped Dr. Wu on his silk broadcloth shoes are you? It's a long time met, but you're looking as ever. Don't you remember me at the business quest in Cincinnati? You splendid afternoon spent.

"Oh, yes," agreed Dr. Wu, blushing certainly. "I perfectly. We are old friends from America."

Dr. Wu offered him and, characteristically, reciprocated with a cigar.

"No, thank you, I declined Dr. Wu. 'I been a smoker, but I drinker, although I don't I used to drink that gro drink—what was it?—co mint juice, very fine! laughed Dr. Wu, delighted miniscence. 'Yes, I ren well.'"

The visitor departed. Dr. Wu several more friends on the back.

"I have a host of friends," explained our he came back from the all call on me when the Shanghai, and I am ver this living chain course America. American I been very kind to me. tea very much."

Hopes to Live to Be "W" WHY don't you ca again? we assured him.

"Well, I am not com